



המרכז הרפואי  
**היל יפה**

# **Comparison of outcome of recurrent versus first non ST-elevation myocardial infarction (national Israel surveys ACSIS 2000-2010)**

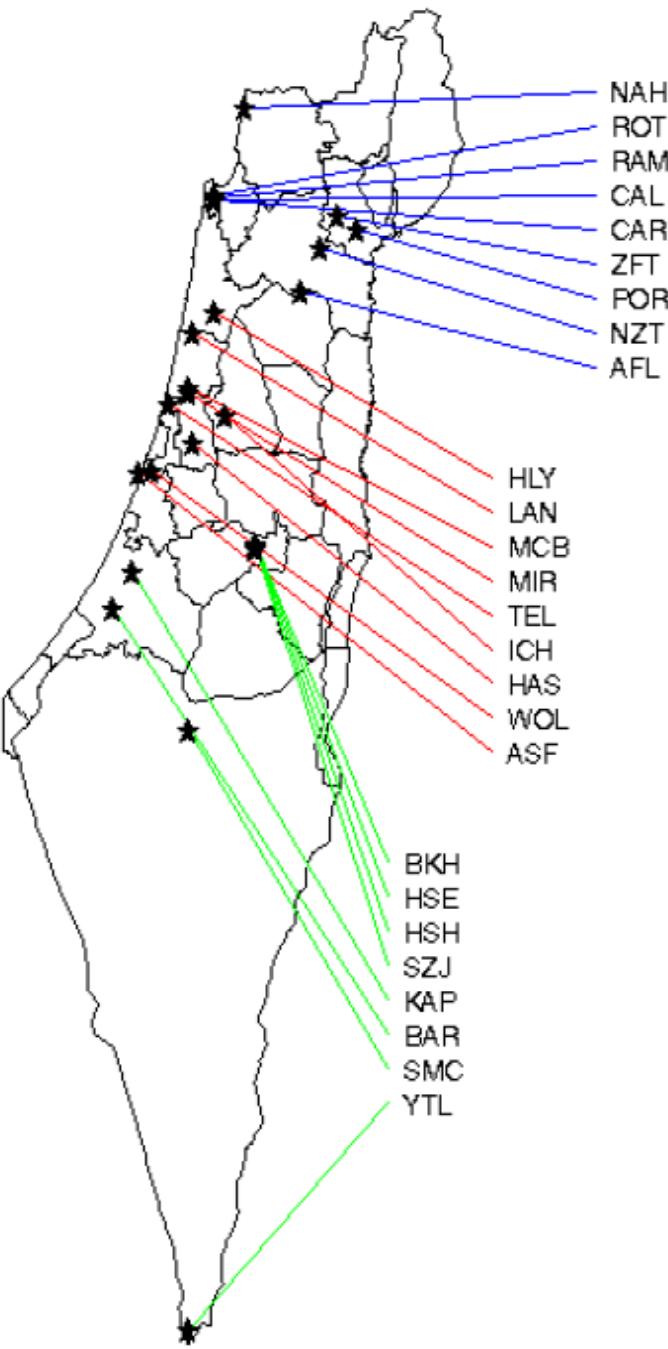
Avraham Shotan, Simcha Meisel, Aharon Frimerman, David Blondheim, Michael Shochat, Mark Kazatsker,

Yaniv Levi, Shlomi Matezki, Shmuel Gottlieb, for the Working Group on Intensive Cardiac Care,

Israel Heart Society and the ACSIS investigators.

# ACYSIS

## Acute Coronary Survey in ISrael



- Bimonthly biannual national survey (1-2, 2-3, 3-4)
- Since 1990 (BIP study team)
- In the 90's Israeli Thrombolytic Survey
- Since 2000 all ACS patients - ACYSIS
- All 26 public hospital in Israel (23 cath labs)
- Only CCU/Cardiology departments
- In 2000 & 2010 also Internal Medicine

# ACS Pts hospitalized in CCU/Cardiology for 2 mths



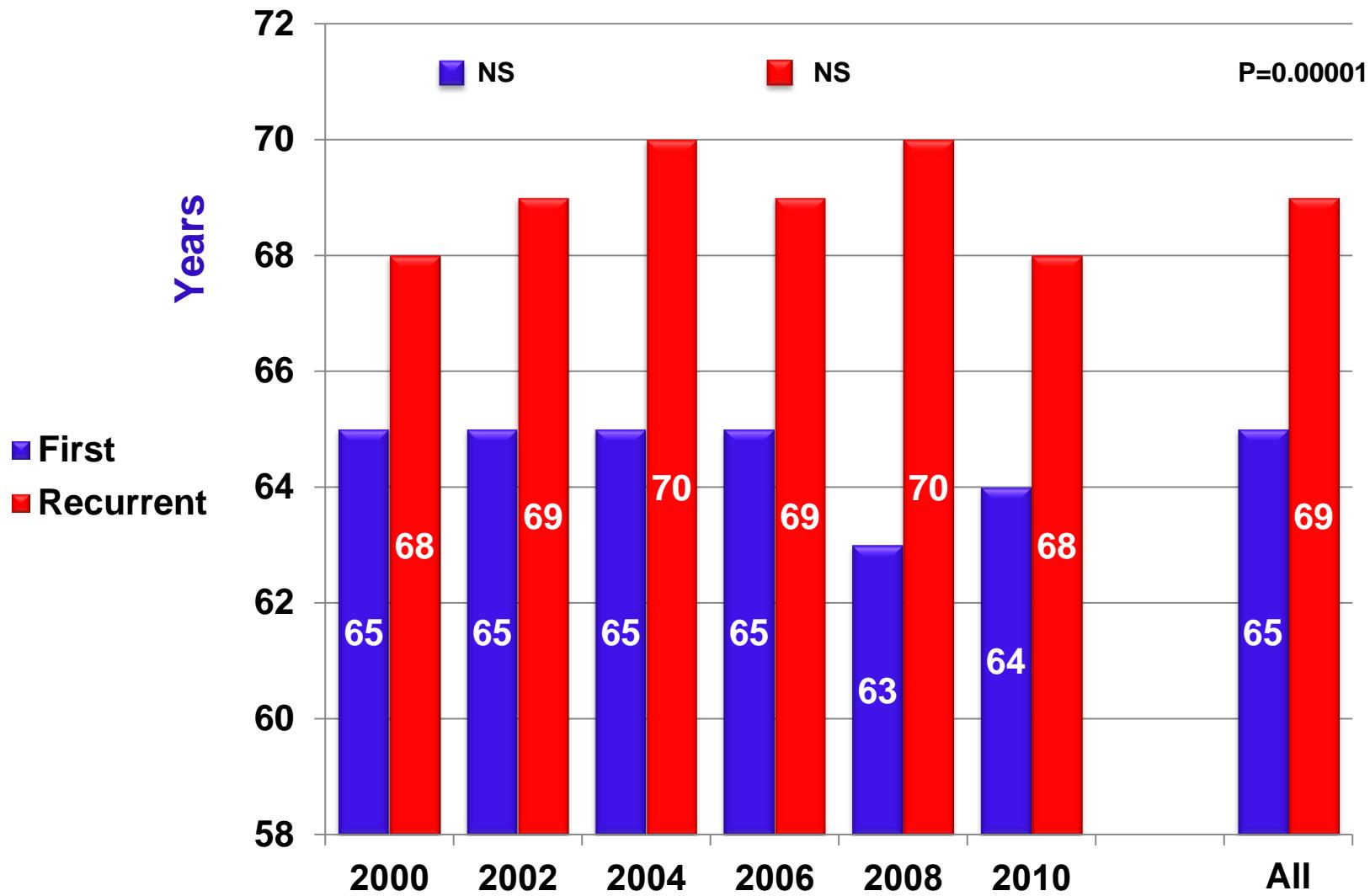
	2000	2002*	2004	2006	2008	2010	All
<b>ACS</b>	<b>1,794</b>	<b>2,048</b>	<b>2,094</b>	<b>2,075</b>	<b>1,763</b>	<b>1,781</b>	<b>11,555</b>
<b>Acute MI</b>	1,004	1,201	1,333	1,338	1,254	1,374	<b>7504</b>
<b>STEMI</b>	<b>708</b>	<b>649</b>	<b>675</b>	<b>599</b>	<b>589</b>	<b>688</b>	<b>3908</b>
	<b>71%</b>	<b>54%</b>	<b>51%</b>	<b>45%</b>	<b>47%</b>	<b>50%</b>	<b>52%</b>
<b>Non-STEMI</b>	<b>296</b>	<b>552</b>	<b>658</b>	<b>739</b>	<b>665</b>	<b>686</b>	<b>3596</b>
	<b>29%</b>	<b>46%</b>	<b>49%</b>	<b>55%</b>	<b>53%</b>	<b>50%</b>	<b>48%</b>

\* New MI definition - Troponin

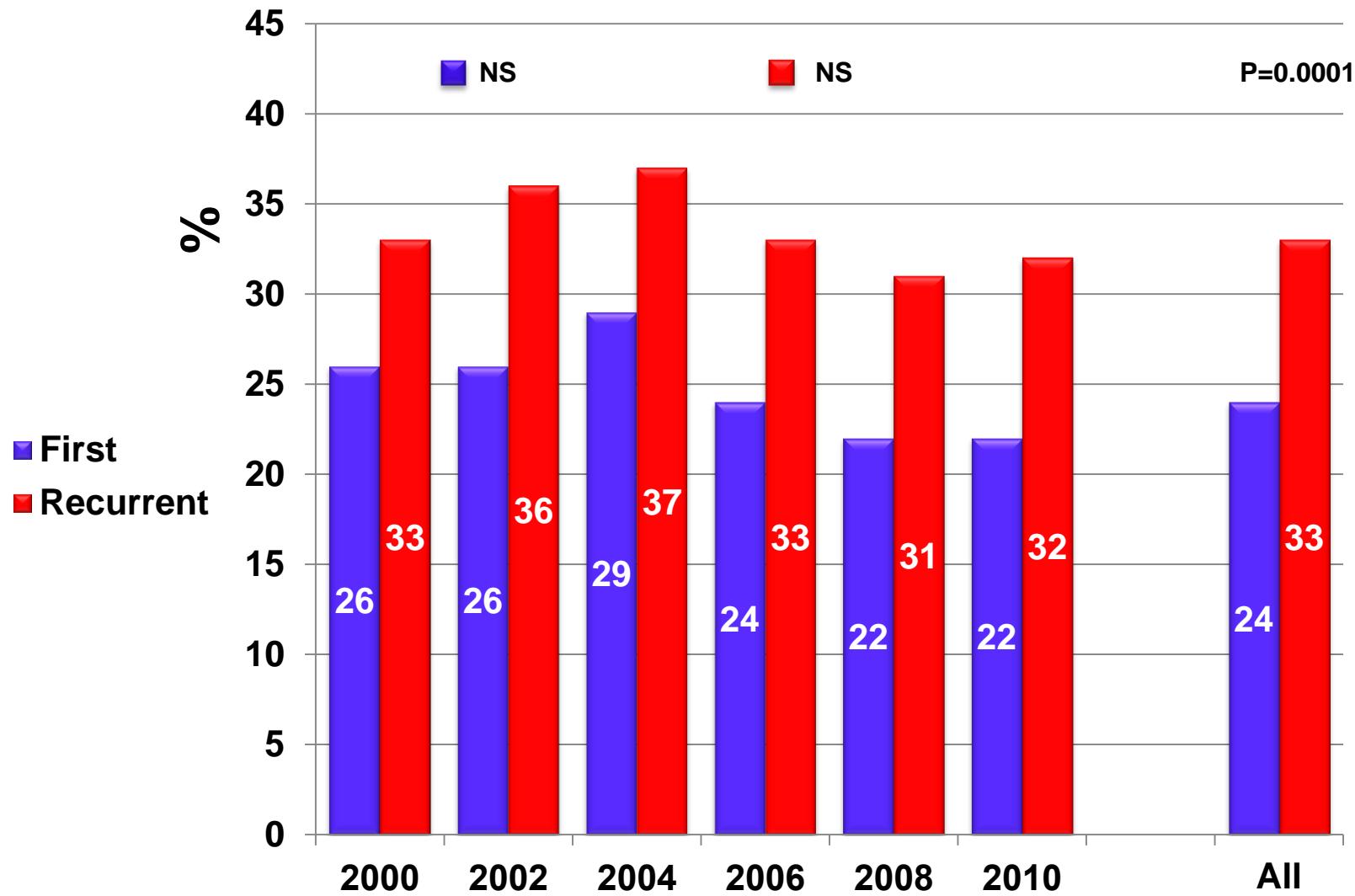
# NSTEMI 2000 - 2010

	2000	2002*	2004	2006	2008	2010	All
First	420	434	466	434	364	186	2304
	61%	65%	63%	66%	66%	63%	64%
Recurrent	266	231	273	224	188	110	1292
	39%	35%	37%	34%	34%	37%	36%
All	686	665	739	658	552	296	3596

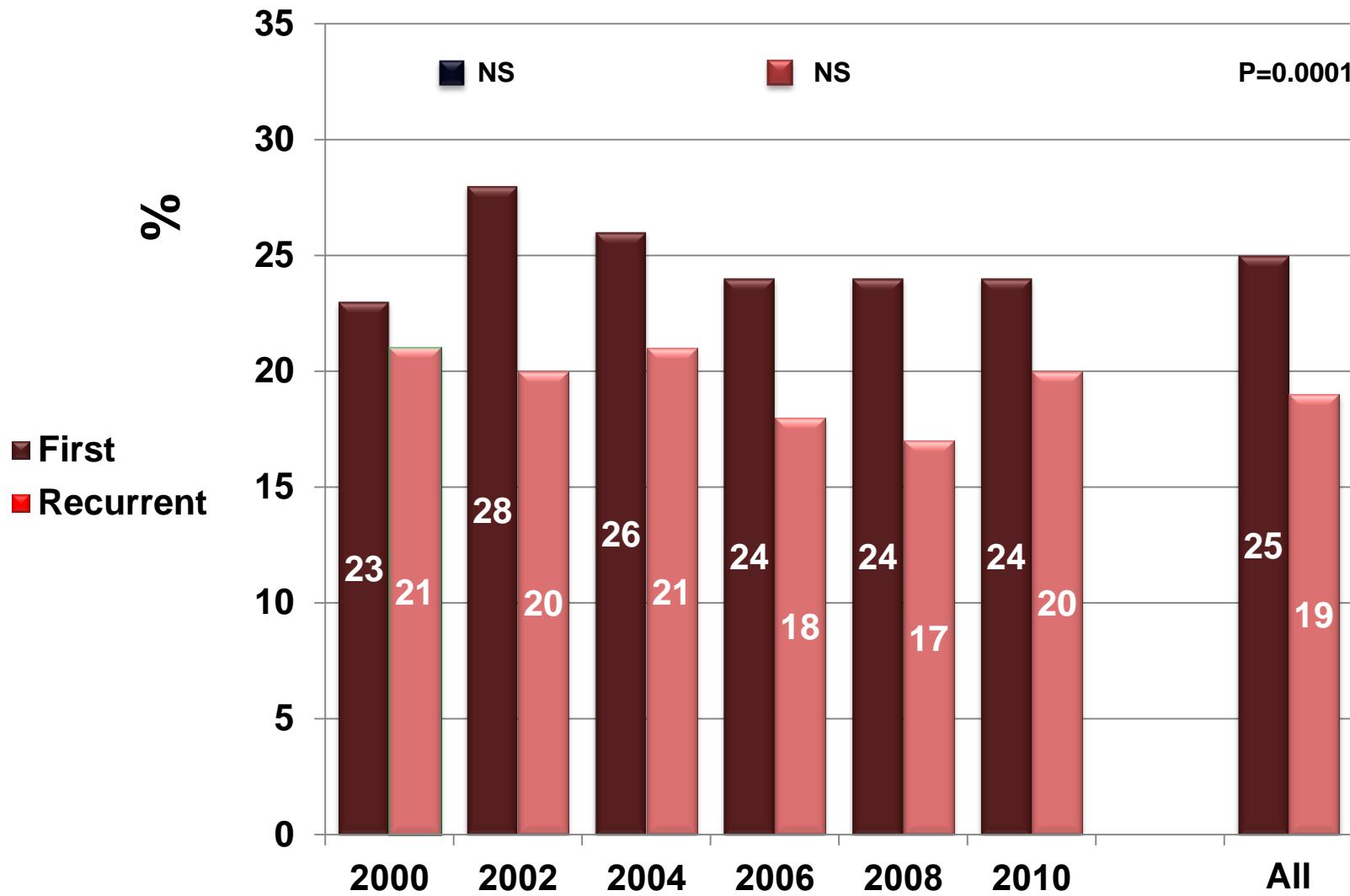
# ACSiS 2000–2010 NSTEMI – Age



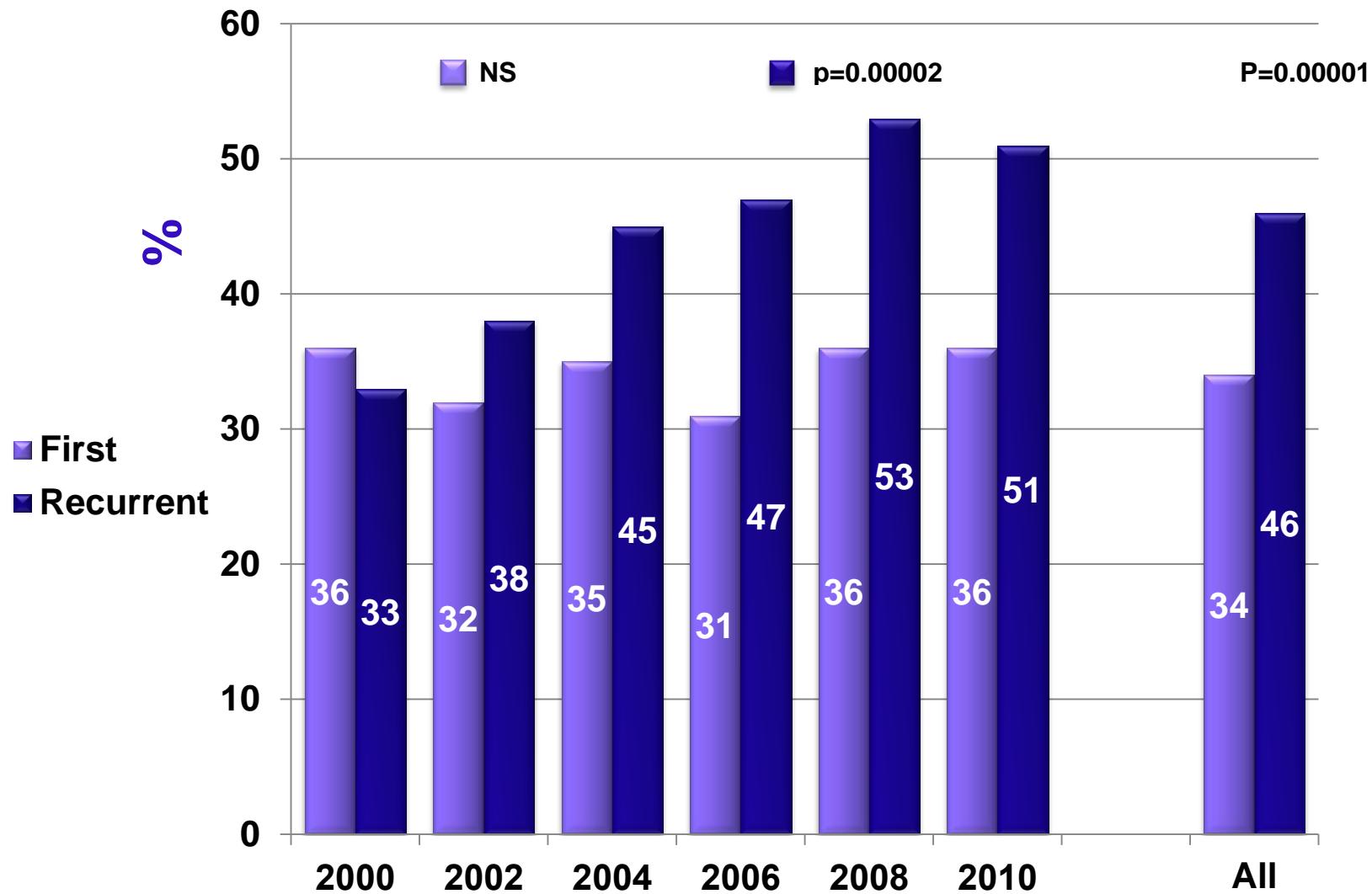
# ACSiS 2000–2010 NSTEMI – Age > 75 yrs (%)



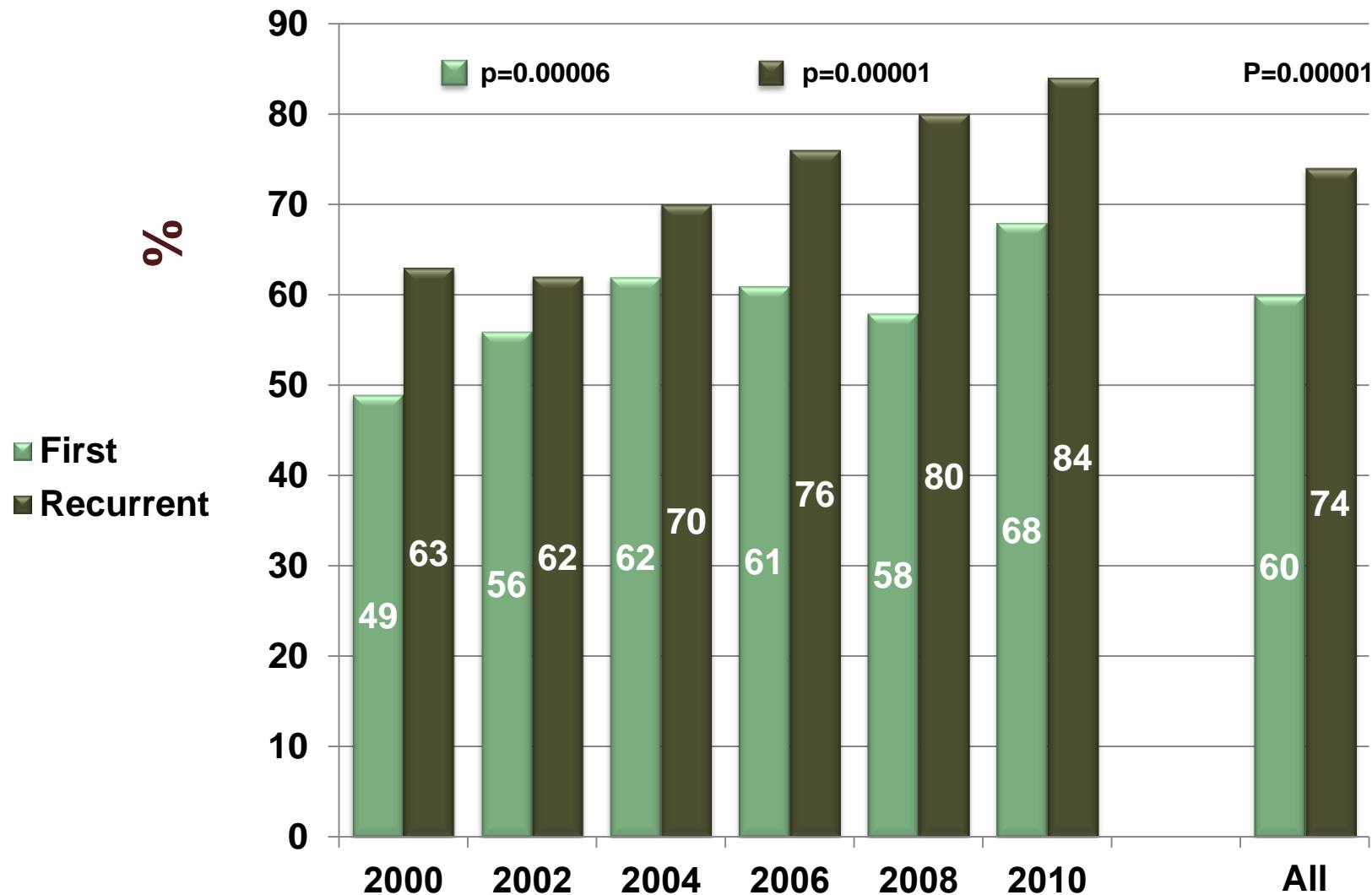
# ACSiS 2000–2010 NSTEMI – Women (%)



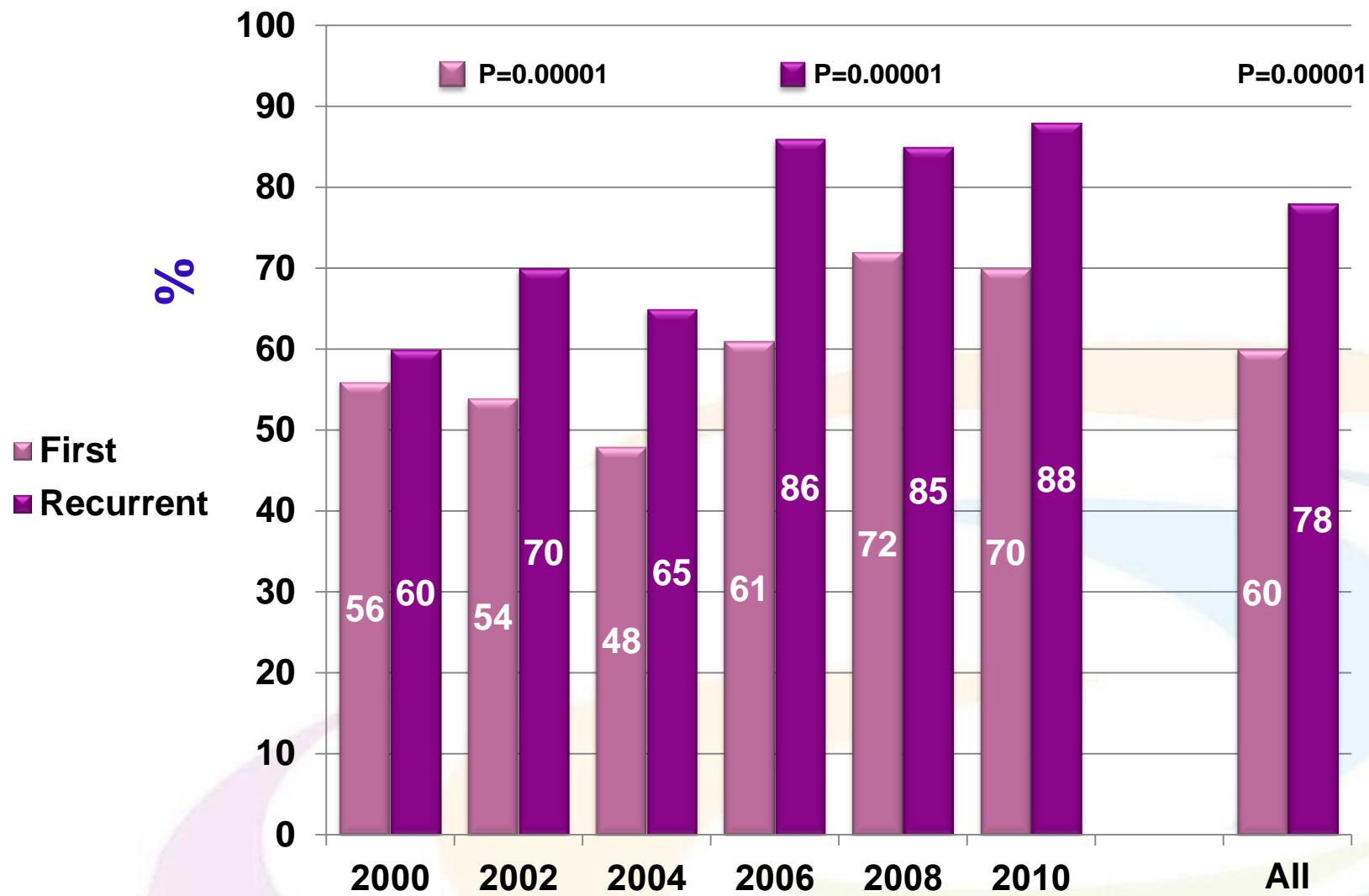
# ACSiS 2000–2010 NSTEMI – Diabetes (%)



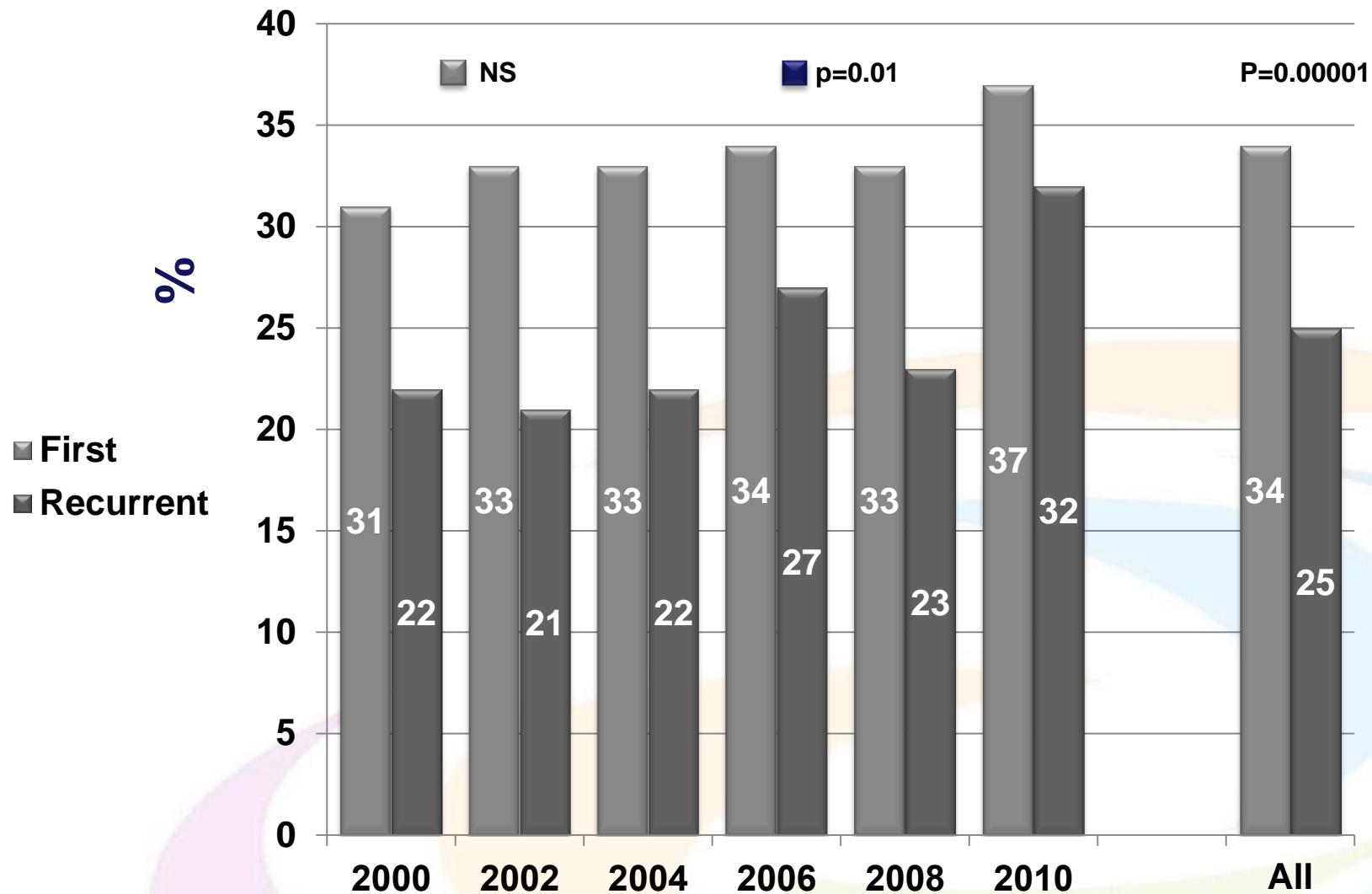
# ACSiS 2000–2010 NSTEMI – Hypertension (%)



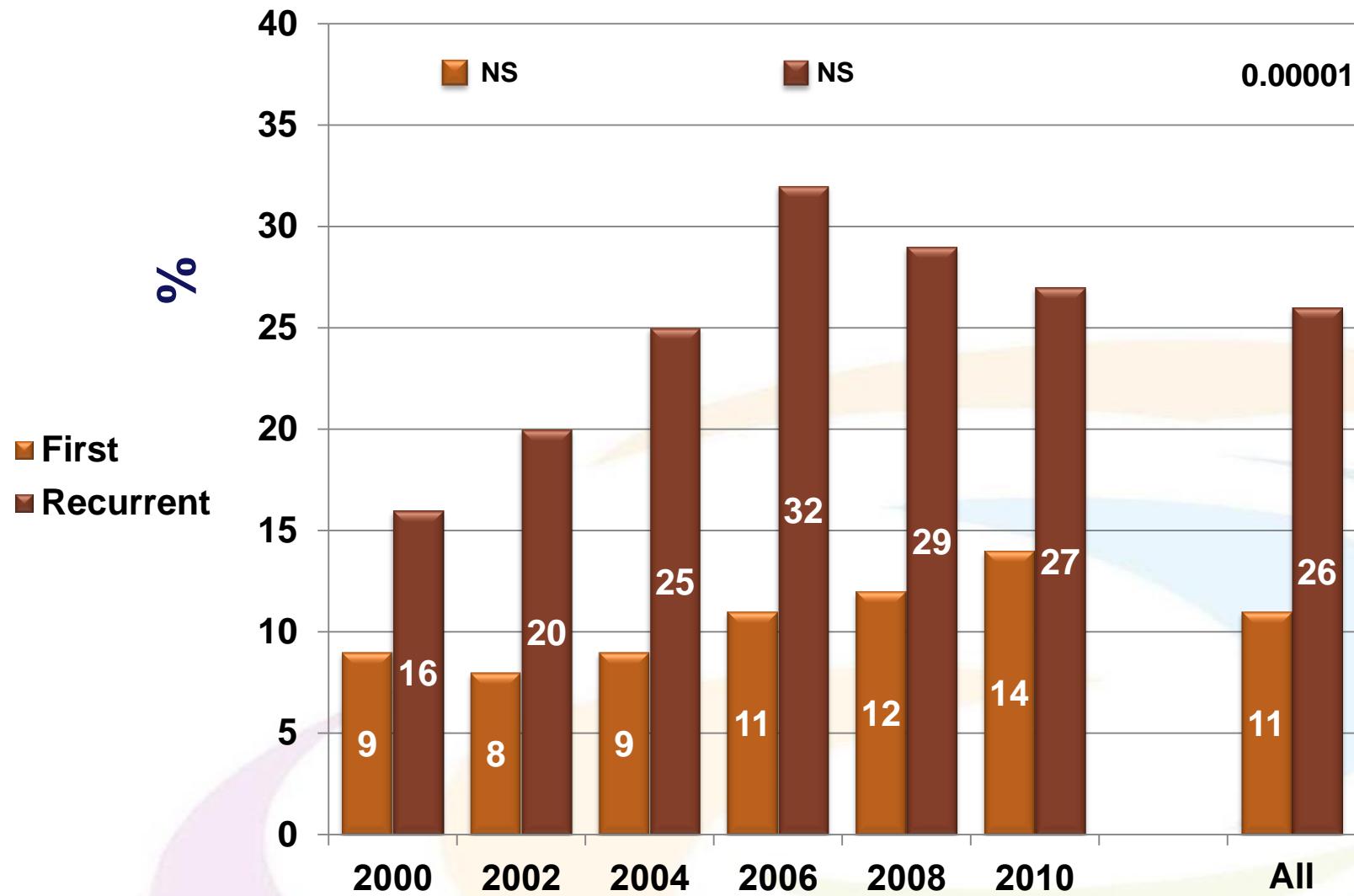
# ACSiS 2000–2010 NSTEMI – Dyslipidemia (%)



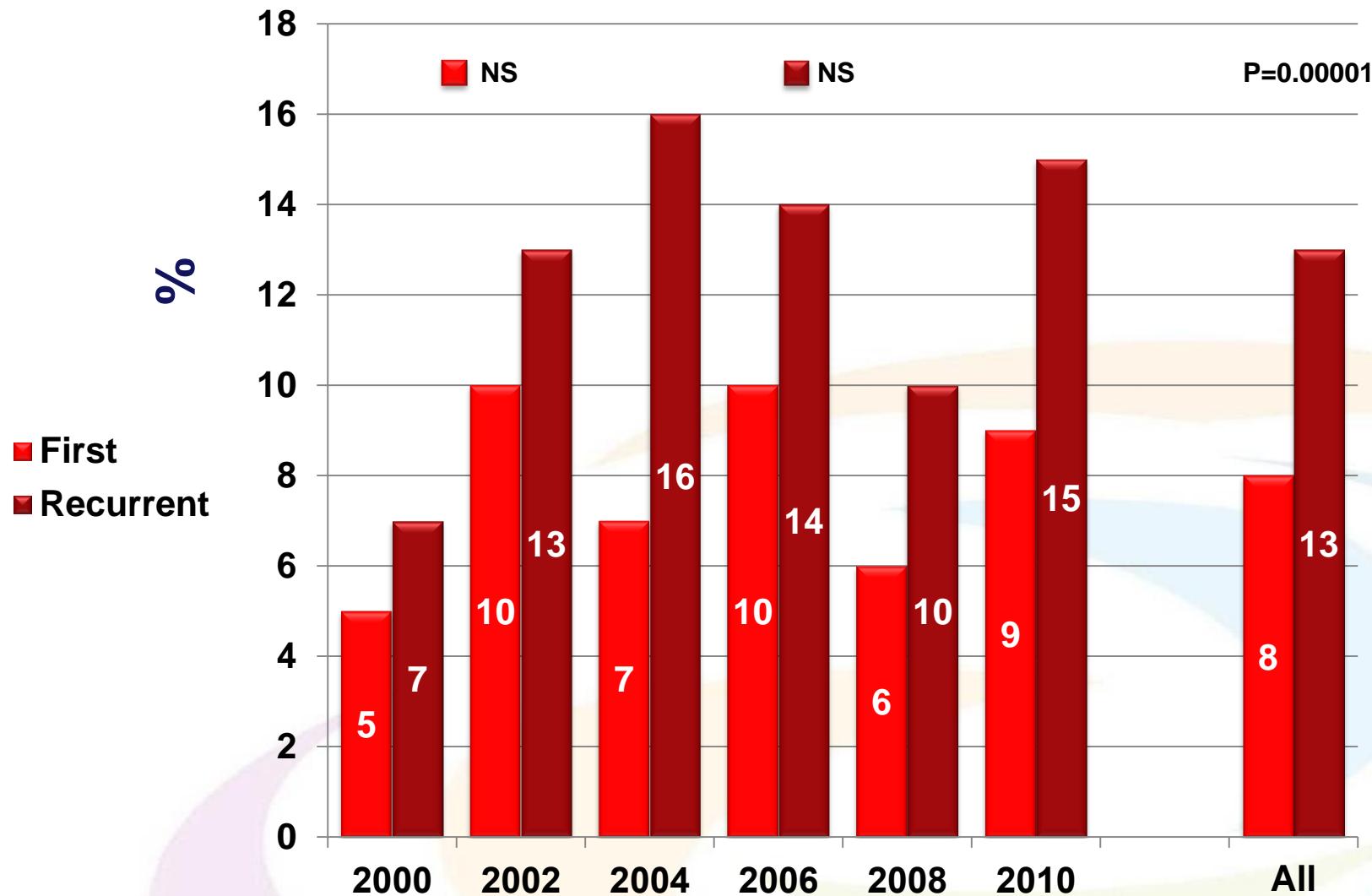
# ACSiS 2000–2010 NSTEMI – Current Smoker (%)



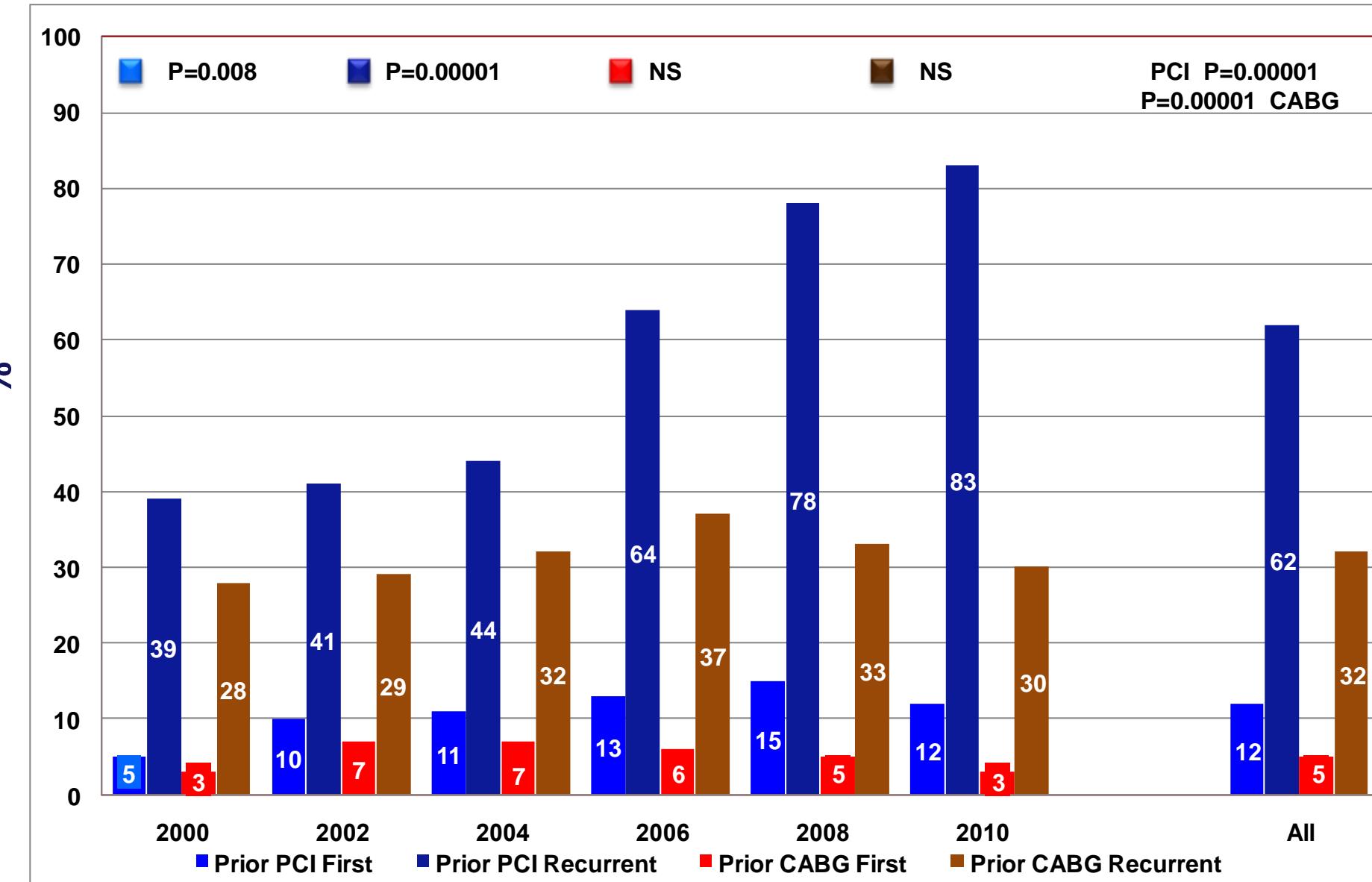
# ACSiS 2000–2010 NSTEMI – Chronic Renal Failure (%)



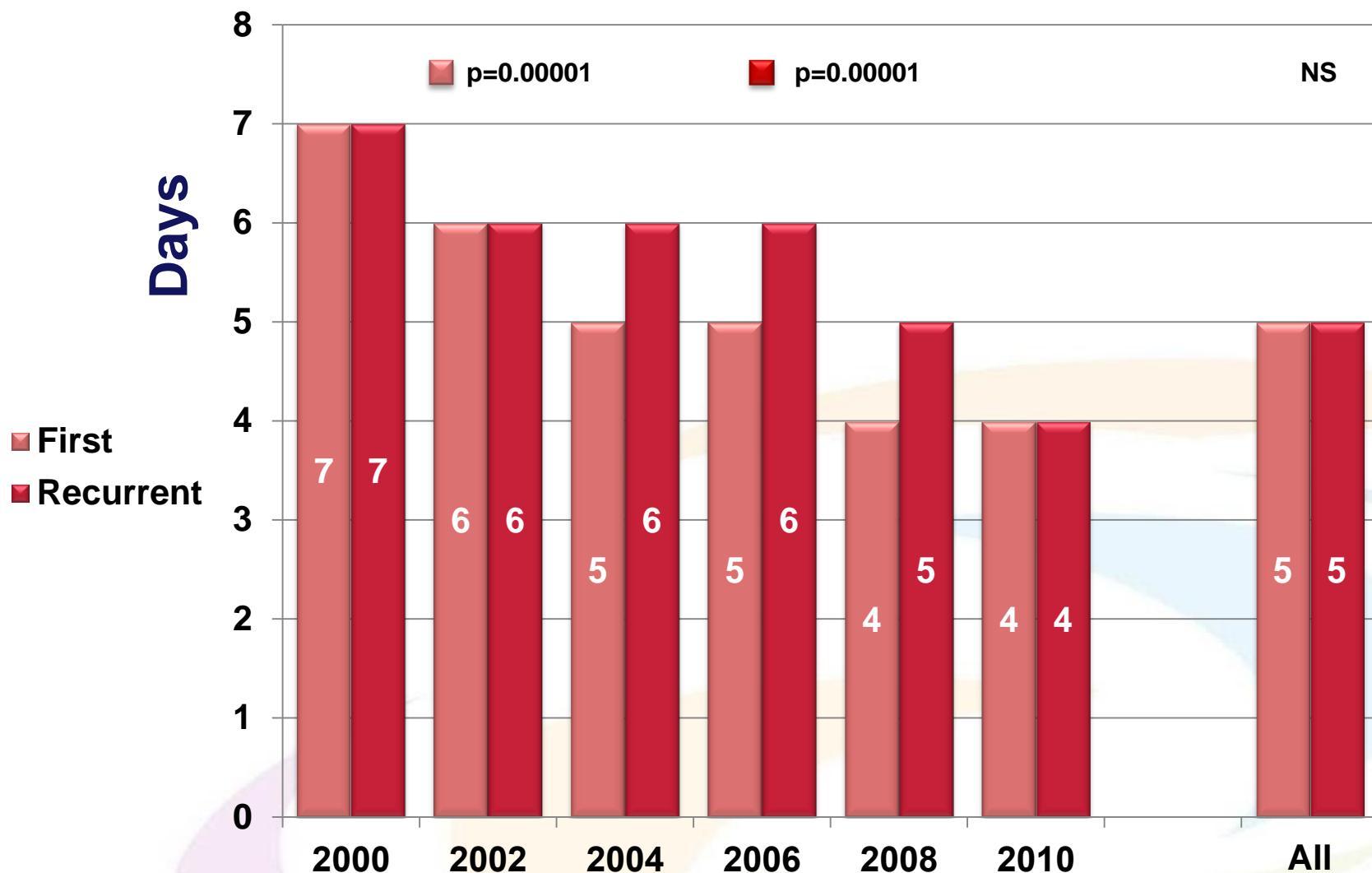
# ACSiS 2000–2010 NSTEMI – S/P CVA (%)



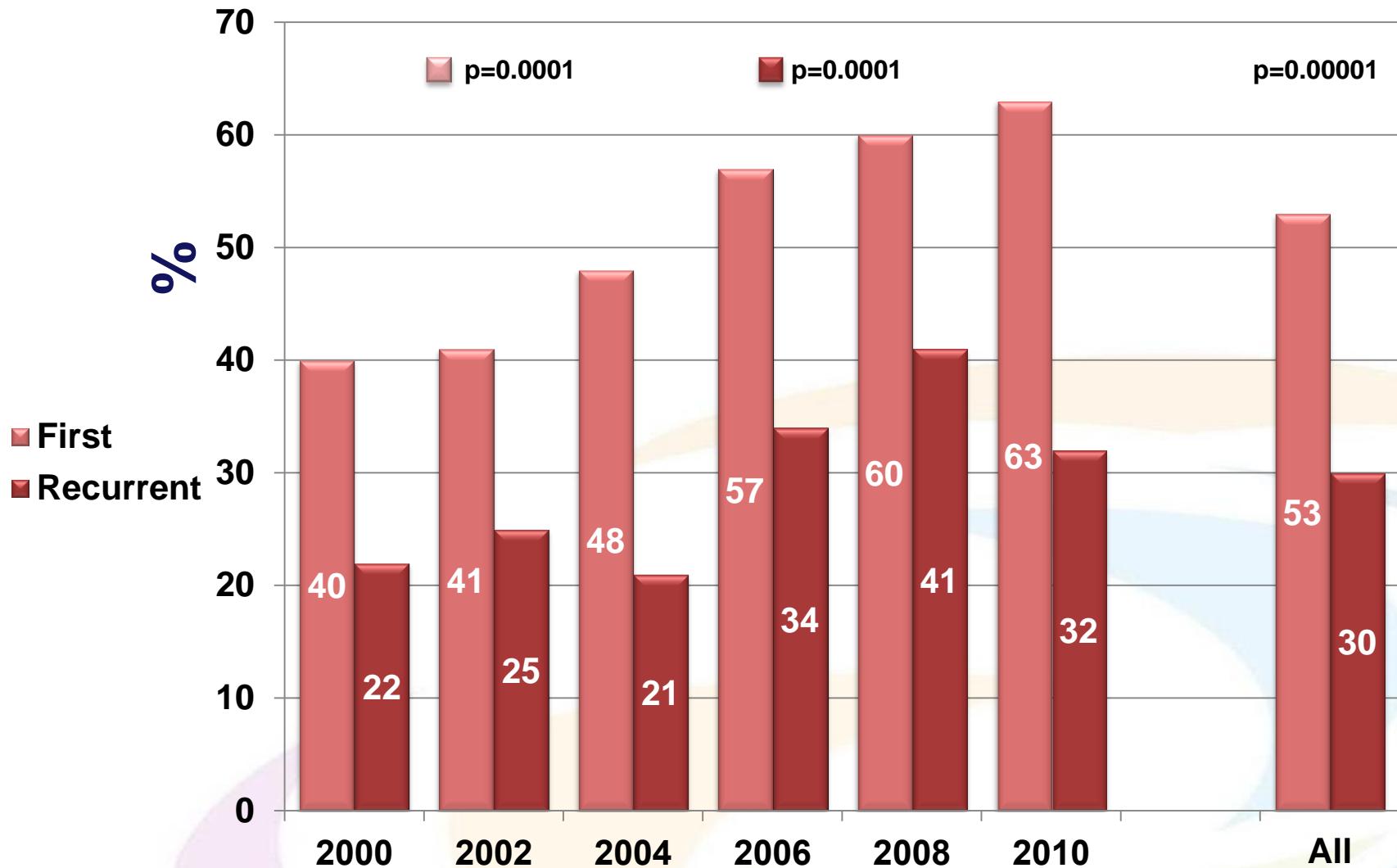
# (%) ACSIS 2000–2010 NSTEMI – Prior Interventions



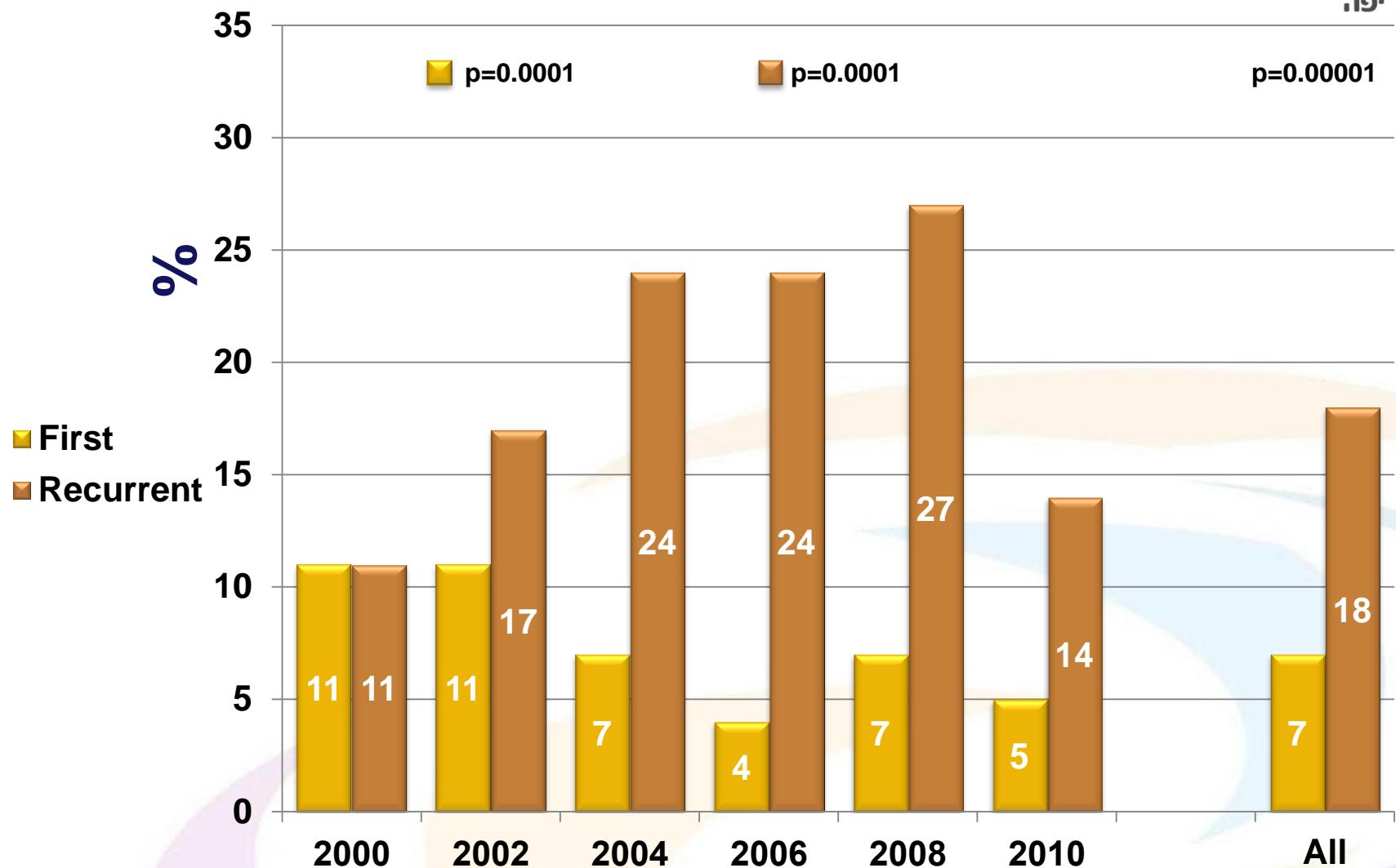
# ACSIS 2000–2010 NSTEMI – Length of Hospitalization Median



# ACSIS 2000–2010 NSTEMI – LVEF Normal (>50%)



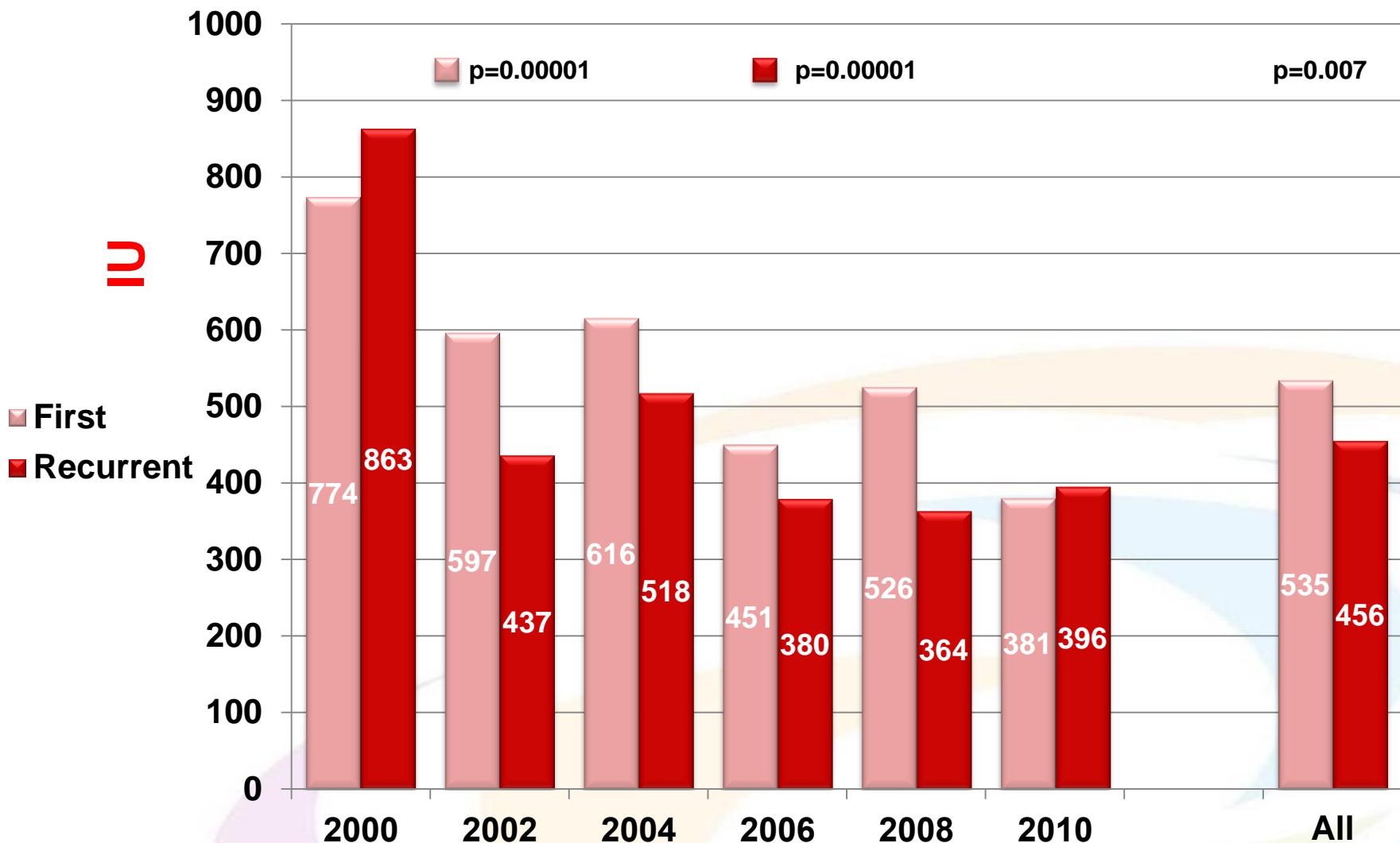
# ACSIS 2000–2010 NSTEMI – LVEF Severely reduced ( $\leq 30\%$ )



# ACSiS 2000–2010 NSTEMI – Laboratory Results

	2000	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	P trend	All	P Recurrent vs. First
<b>Total cholesterol (mg/dL)</b>									
First	206	193	195	189	183	181	0.00001	190	0.00001
Recurrent	192	187	184	169	164	166	0.00001	175	
<b>Triglycerides (mg/dL)</b>									
First		170	174	174	169	161	NS	170	NS
Recurrent		164	167	161	159	164	NS	163	
<b>LDL-cholesterol (mg/dL)</b>									
First		123	118	116	111	111	0.0008	115	0.00001
Recurrent		116	109	97	94	96	0.00001	101	
<b>HDL-cholesterol (mg/dL)</b>									
First		41	42	40	41	40	NS	41	NS
Recurrent		41	42	40	39	40	NS	40	

## ACSIS 2000–2010 NSTEMI – Maximal CPK



# ACSiS 2000–2010 NSTEMI – Laboratory Results

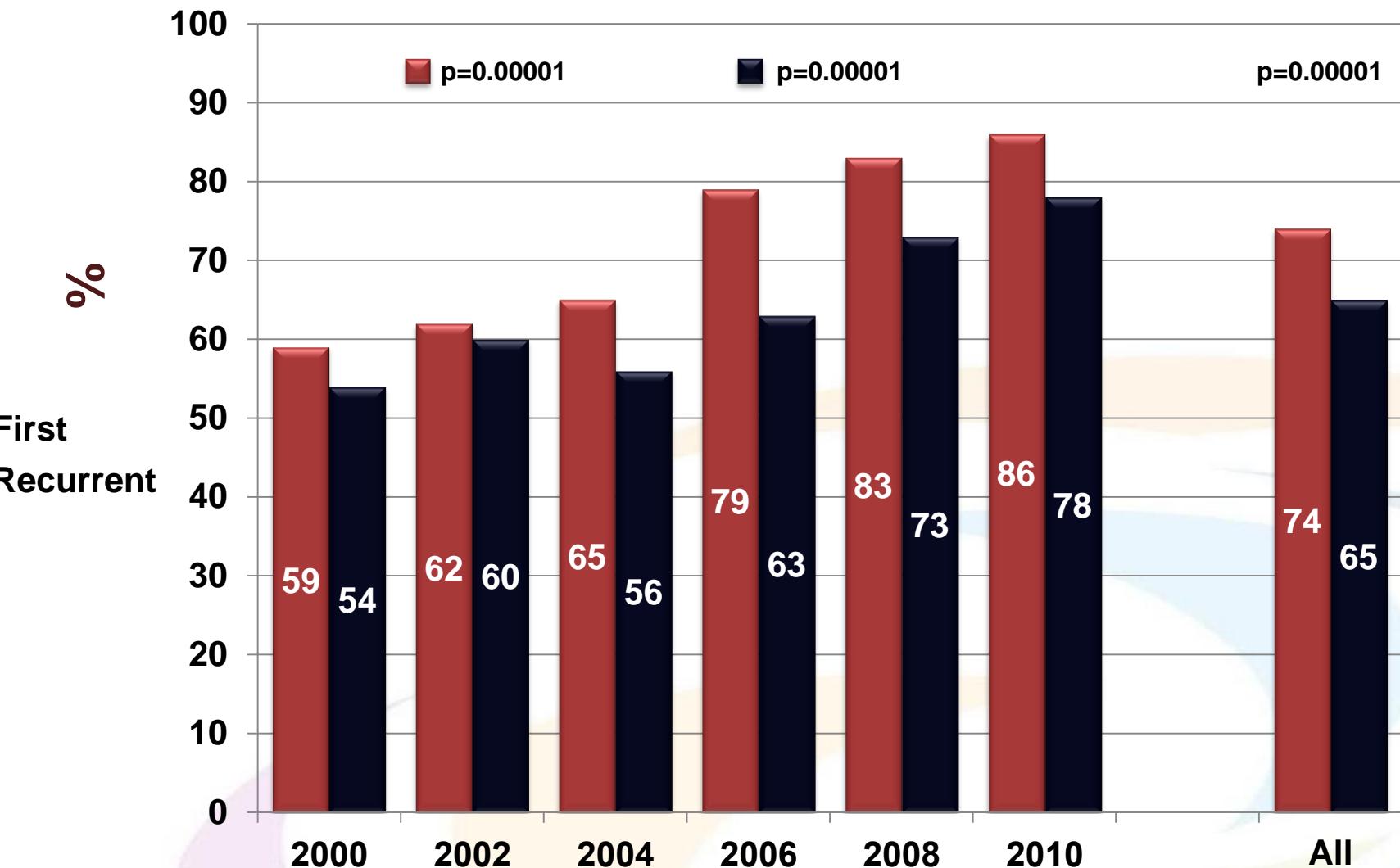
	2000	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	P trend	All	P Recurrent vs. First
<b>Hemoglobin (gr/dL)</b>									
First		13.1	12.9	13.6	13.7	13.6	0.00001	13.4	0.00001
Recurrent		12.8	12.5	13.0	13.1	13.2	0.0003	12.9	
<b>Glucose (mg/dL)</b>									
First			171	134	140	141	NS	146	0.00001
Recurrent			189	142	159	167	0.00001	163	
<b>Creatinine (mg/dL)</b>									
First		1.2	1.3	1.1	1.2	1.2	NS	1.2	0.00001
Recurrent		1.4	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.5	NS	1.5	

# ACSiS 2000–2010 NSTEMI – In-Hospital Medications

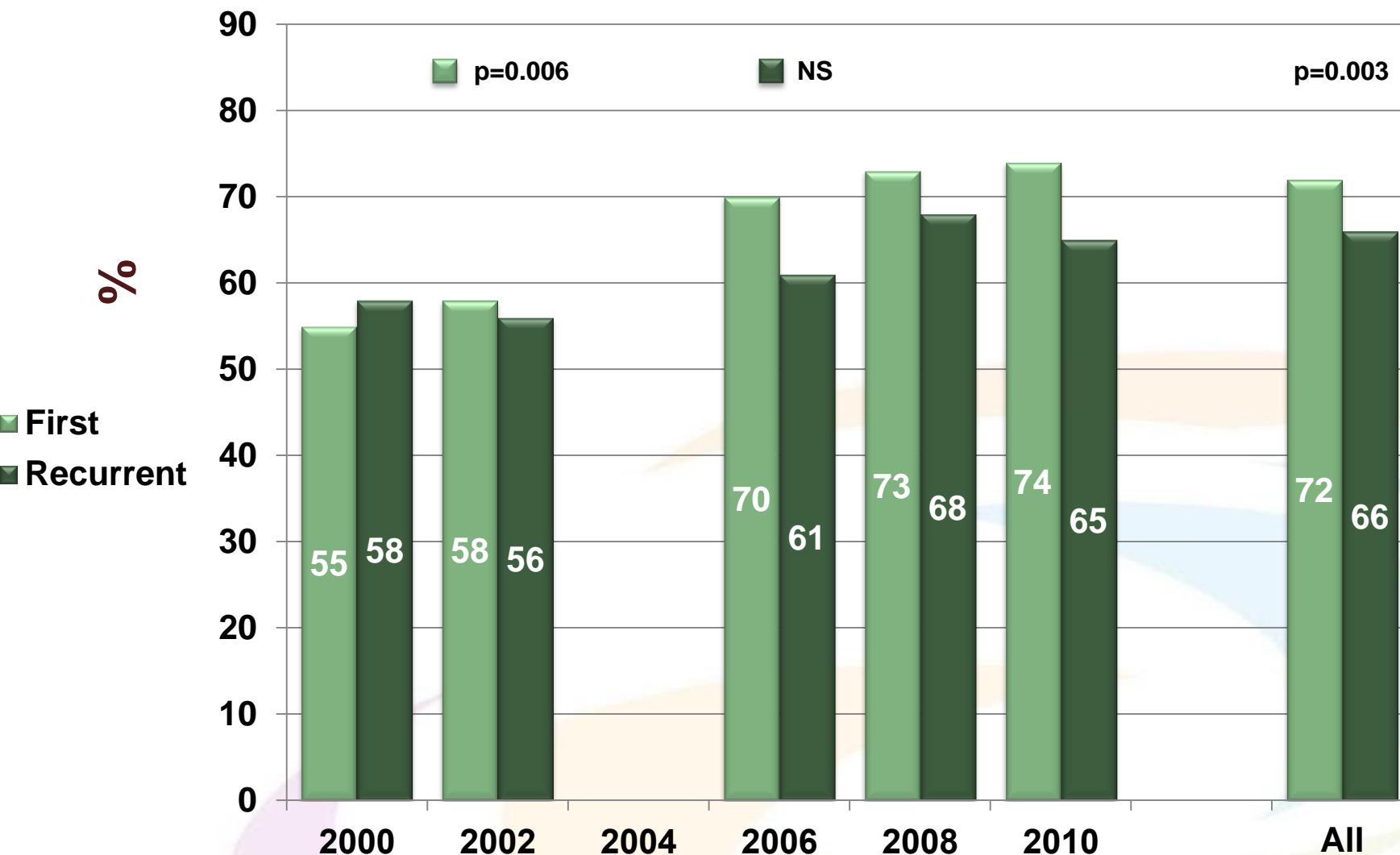


	2000	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	P trend	All	P Recurrent vs. First
<b>IIb IIIa (%)</b>									
First	12	9	16	22	23	12	0.006	16	0.006
Recurrent	17	6	9	14	18	14	0.06	13	
<b>IV inptropes (%)</b>									
First			2	3	2	4	NS	3	0.0002
Recurrent			9	7	3	4	0.01	6	
<b>Nitrates (%)</b>									
First	82	55	27		24	23	0.00001	37	0.00001
Recurrent	85	68	41		44	33	0.00001	49	
<b>Diuretics (%)</b>									
First	33	25	30	28	25	24	0.07	27	0.00001
Recurrent	46	44	55	47	50	45	NS	48	

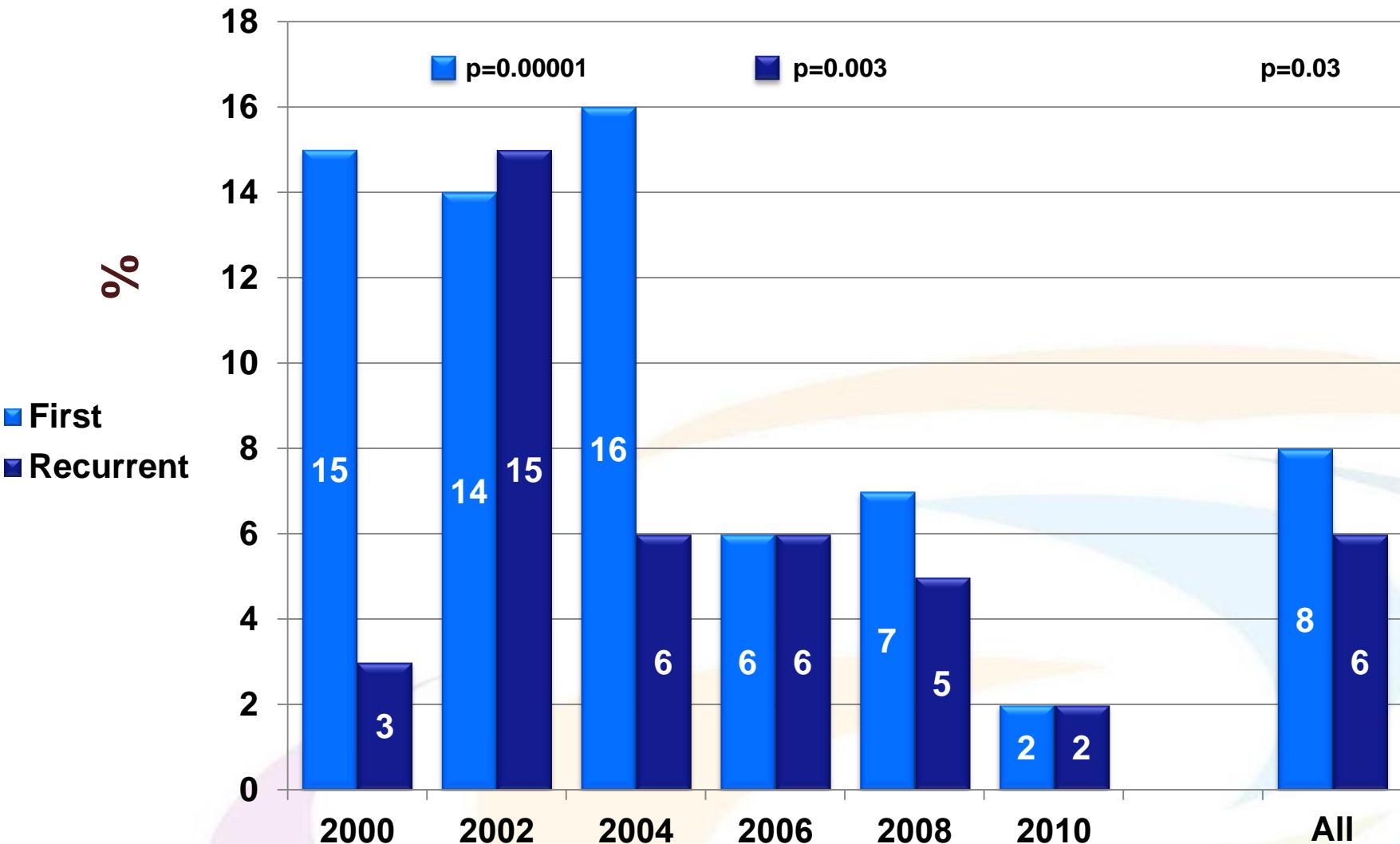
# ACSIS 2000–2010 NSTEMI – Coronary Angigraphy



## ACSiS 2000–2010 NSTEMI – Any PCI



## ACSiS 2000–2010 NSTEMI – CABG



# ACSiS 2000–2010 NSTEMI – Discharge Medications



	2000	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	P trend	All	P Recurrent vs. First
<b>Aspirin (%)</b>									
First	93	91	95	97	96	97	0.0003	95	0.06
Recurrent	96	88	91	95	94	96	0.03	93	
<b>Clopidogrel (%)</b>									
First	33	51	59	72	78	82	0.00001	66	0.02
Recurrent	32	43	47	69	76	81	0.00001	62	
<b>Diuretics (%)</b>									
First	24	20	26	23	21	21	NS	22	0.00001
Recurrent	44	41	48	40	42	44	NS	43	
<b>Aldosterone Antagonists (%)</b>									
First			4	3	3	4	NS	4	0.00001
Recurrent			11	11	6	10	NS	9	

# ACSiS 2000–2010 NSTEMI – Discharge Medications



	2000	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	P trend	All	P Recurrent vs. First
<b>Beta blockers (%)</b>									
First	71	78	81	82	81	80	0.03	80	0.06
Recurrent	72	80	79	84	86	86	0.0004	82	
<b>ACE-I/ARB (%)</b>									
First	56	65	73	73	74	77	0.00001	71	0.0005
Recurrent	64	75	73	75	80	86	0.00001	77	
<b>Nitrates (%)</b>									
First	50	27	21		5	5	0.00001	17	0.00001
Recurrent	56	47	35		22	16	0.00001	31	
<b>CCBs (%)</b>									
First	18	16	18		20	19	NS	18	0.03
Recurrent	15	16	21		28	24	0.005	22	

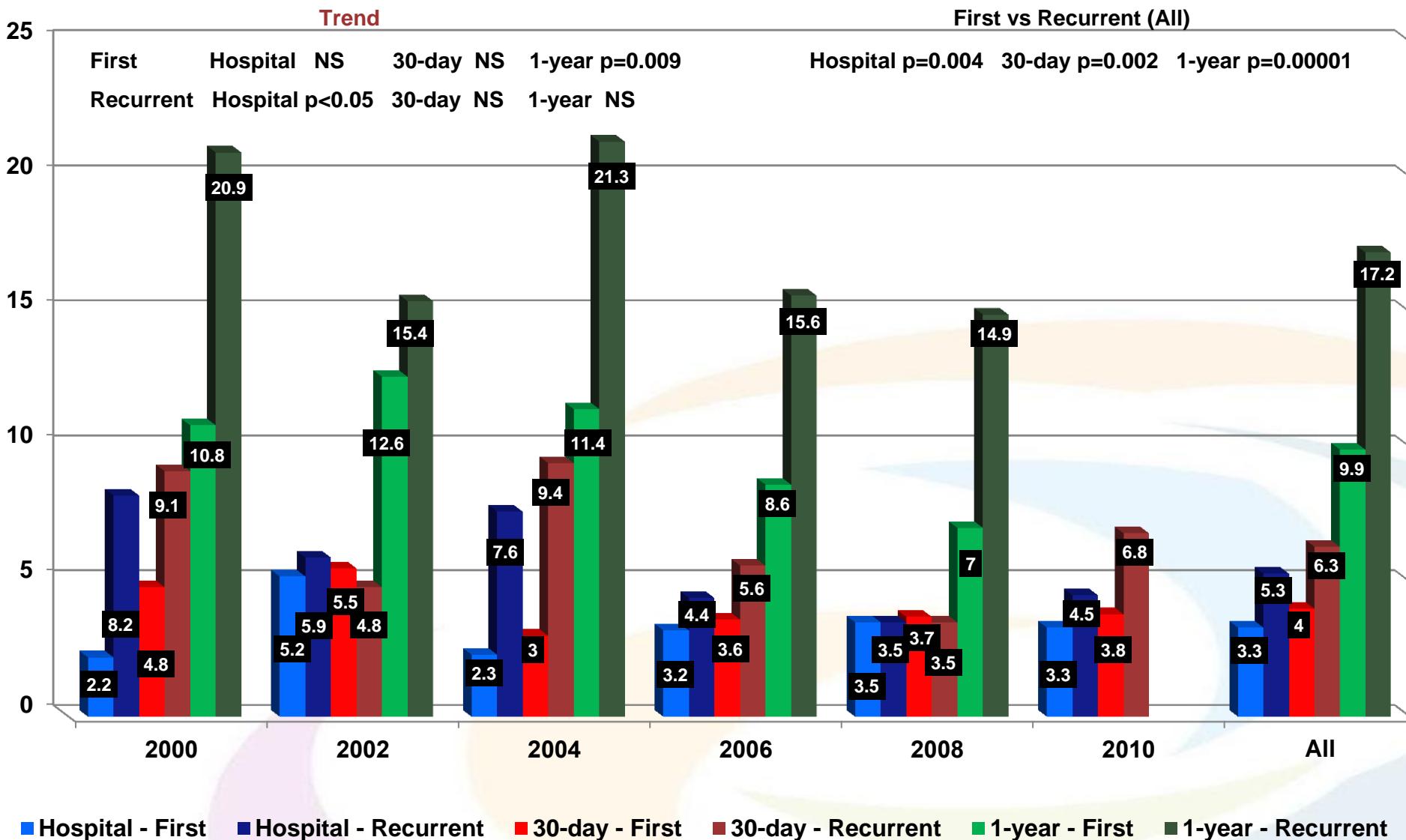
ACSiS 2000–2010

## NSTEMI – Discharge Medications



	2000	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	P trend	All	P Recurrent vs. First
<b>Statins (%)</b>									
First	55	62	80	92	91	95	0.00001	83	NS
Recurrent	54	70	76	91	90	97	0.00001	83	
<b>Digoxin (%)</b>									
First	5	2	0.5	2	2	1	0.04	1.5	0.00001
Recurrent	8	6	7	5	3	2	0.002	5	
<b>Insulin (%)</b>									
First	5	7	9	8	6	8	NS	8	0.00001
Recurrent	3	9	11	18	16	21	0.00001	14	
<b>Oral hypoglycemics (%)</b>									
First	22	18	13	17	19	18	NS	17	0.007
Recurrent	20	17	17	23	22	24	<0.05	21	

## ACSIS 2000–2010 NSTEMI – Mortality (%)



# ACSiS 2000–2010 Hospital Mortality



	2000	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	P trend	All	P Recurrent vs. First
<b>NSTEMI</b>									
<b>First - Age (yrs)</b>	65	65	65	65	63	64	NS	65	
<b>Mortality (%)</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>NS</b>	<b>3.3</b>	
<b>Recurrent – Age</b>	68	69	70	69	70	68	NS	69	0.00001
<b>Mortality (%)</b>	<b>8.2</b>	<b>5.9</b>	<b>7.6</b>	<b>4.4</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>0.05</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>0.004</b>
<b>STEMI</b>									
<b>First - Age (yrs)</b>	61	62	62	60	60	61	NS	61	
<b>Mortality (%)</b>	<b>7.8</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>0.0004</b>	<b>5.0</b>	
<b>Recurrent – Age</b>	66	64	66	65	63	65	NS	65	0.00001
<b>Mortality (%)</b>	<b>11.2</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>7.9</b>	<b>8.7</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>7.3</b>	<b>NS</b>	<b>7.4</b>	<b>0.008</b>



	2000	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	P trend	All	P Recurrent vs. First
<b>NSTEMI</b>									
<b>First (%)</b>	4.0	5.5	3.0	3.6	3.7	3.8	NS	<b>4.0</b>	<b>0.002</b>
<b>Recurrent (%)</b>	9.1	4.8	9.4	5.6	3.5	6.8	NS	<b>6.3</b>	
<b>STEMI</b>									
<b>First (%)</b>	<b>9.2</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>6.4</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>6.0</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>0.0003</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>0.002</b>
<b>Recurrent (%)</b>	<b>15.4</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>8.5</b>	<b>8.7</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>8.6</b>	<b>0.04</b>	<b>8.6</b>	



	2000	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	P trend	All	P Recurrent vs. First
<b>NSTEMI</b>									
<b>First (%)</b>	<b>10.8</b>	<b>12.6</b>	<b>11.4</b>	<b>8.6</b>	<b>7.0</b>		<b>0.009</b>	<b>9.9</b>	
<b>Recurrent (%)</b>	20.9	15.4	21.3	15.6	14.9		NS	<b>17.2</b>	<b>0.00001</b>
<b>STEMI</b>									
<b>First (%)</b>	<b>12.7</b>	<b>8.1</b>	<b>9.7</b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>8.1</b>		<b>0.01</b>	<b>9.3</b>	
<b>Recurrent (%)</b>	<b>23.1</b>	<b>14.7</b>	<b>15.1</b>	<b>20.2</b>	<b>8.3</b>		<b>0.01</b>	<b>16.2</b>	<b>0.00001</b>

- ◀ Recurrent NSTEMI pts are older, more >75 yrs, DM, HTN, dyslipidemia, CRF, PVD, s/p CVA , PCI and CABG, but are less women and current smokers.
- ◀ Recurrent STEMI pts have higher rates of LV dysfunction, Killip ≥2 and hospital complications.
- ◀ They underwent less cardiac catheterizations, PCI and CABG, received less IIbIIIa, but more inotropes, nitrates and diuretics
- ◀ During the first year their early and late mortality is significantly higher.
- ◀ In both study groups there is only tendency to mortality improvement, which reach statistical significance early only in recurrent NSTEMI and at 1-year only in First NSTEMI.
- ◀ NSTEMI pts First and Recurrent need improved therapeutic approach as although their hospital mortality is lower than STEMI counterparts it became higher at 1-year.



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# Thank You