



Antithrombotic therapy in the ACS patient with atrial fibrillation

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Disclosures

DISCLOSURE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL INTEREST

Kurt Huber, MD, FESC, FACC

Research Grants from Bristol-Myers Squibb, Eli Lilly, Medtronic, Sanofi-Aventis

Consulting Fees from AstraZeneca, Bayer, Boehringer-Ingelheim, Bristol-Myers Squibb, Daiichi Sankyo, Fibrex, Eli Lilly, Portola, Sanofi-Aventis, Schering-Plough, The Medicines Company

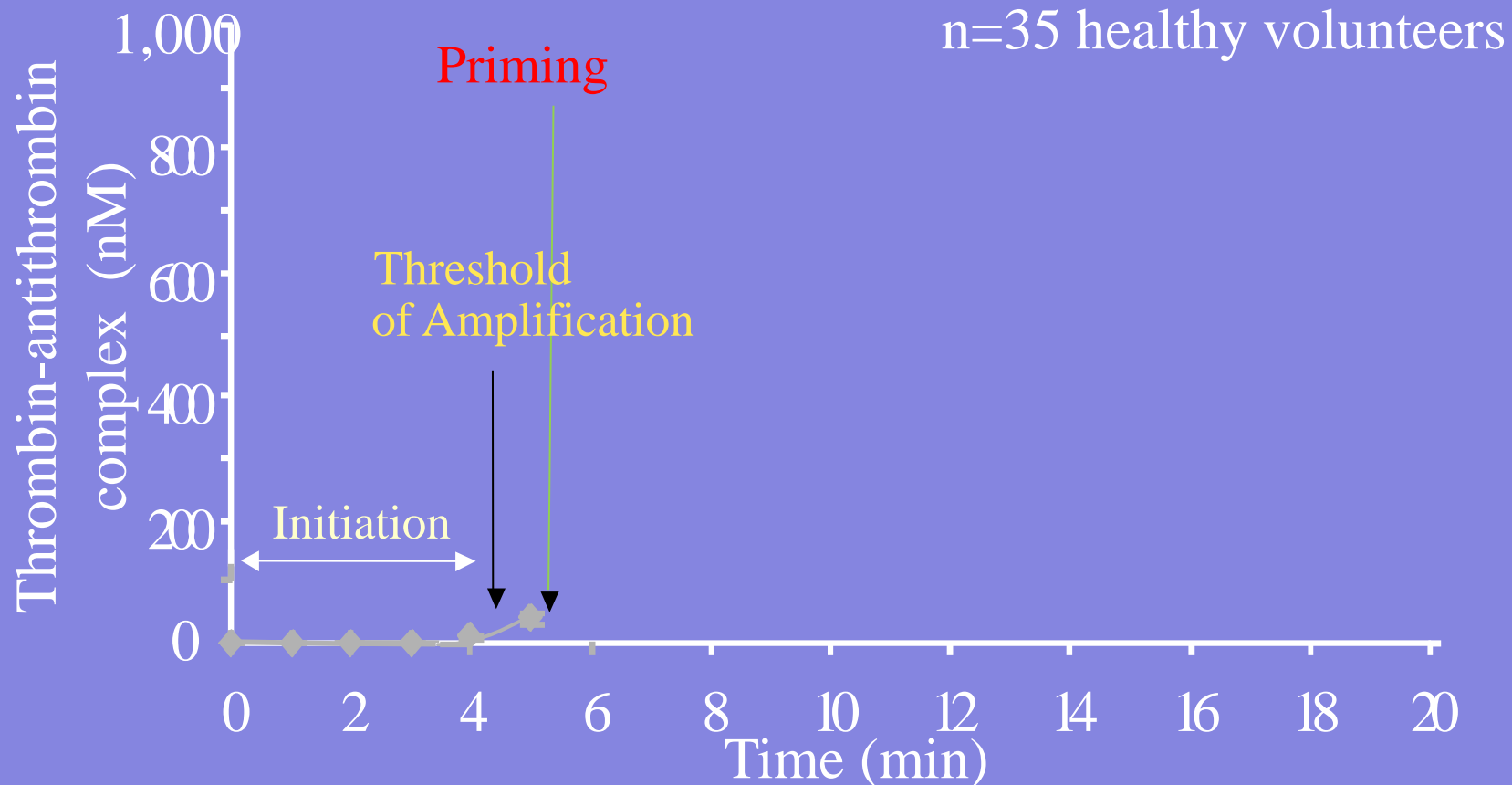
Lecture Fees from AstraZeneca, Boehringer-Ingelheim, Boston Scientific, Bristol-Myers Squibb, Cordis / Johnson&Johnson, Daiichi Sankyo, Eli Lilly, GlaxoSmithKline, Pfizer, and Sanofi-Aventis.



BACKGROUND



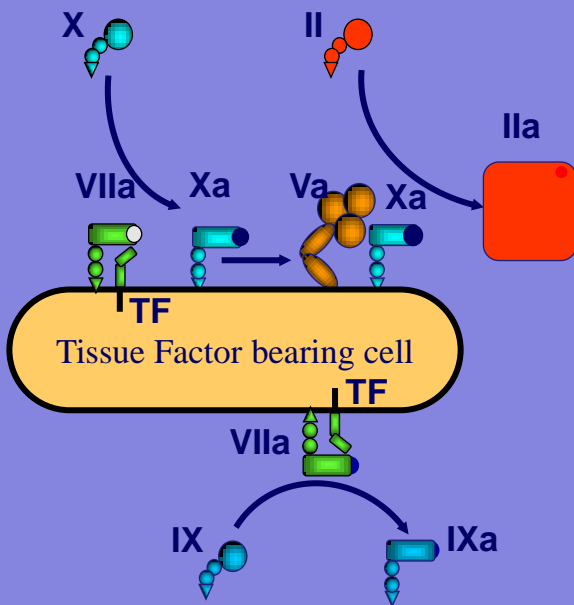
Thrombin generation in thrombosis



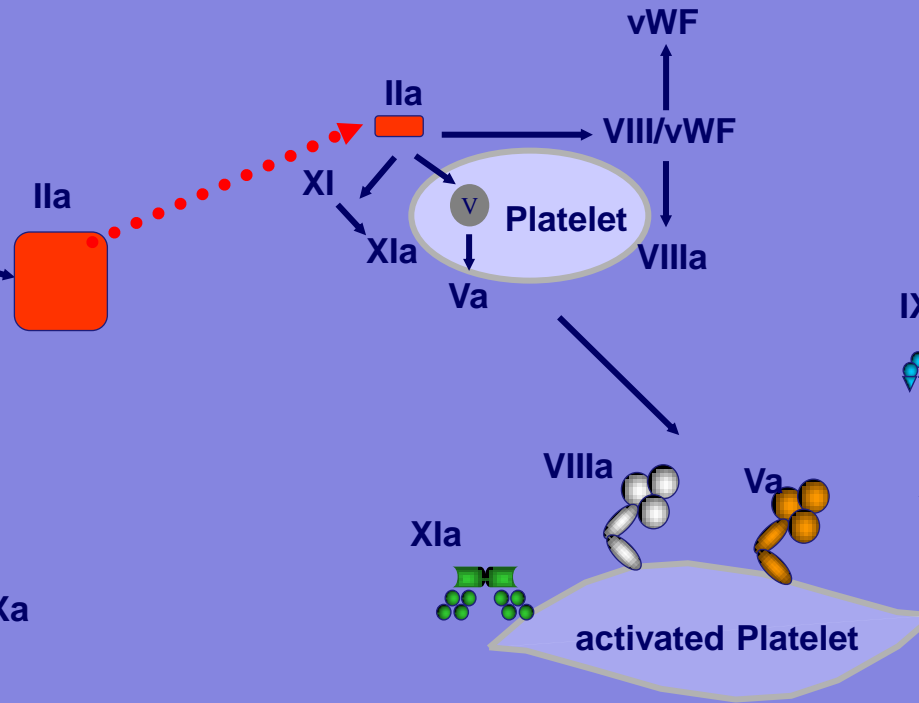
Thrombin activated during initiation phase is only used for platelet activation in the priming phase. Platelets in the Priming Phase are almost exclusively activated by thrombin induced during the initiation phase

Cell-based model of coagulation

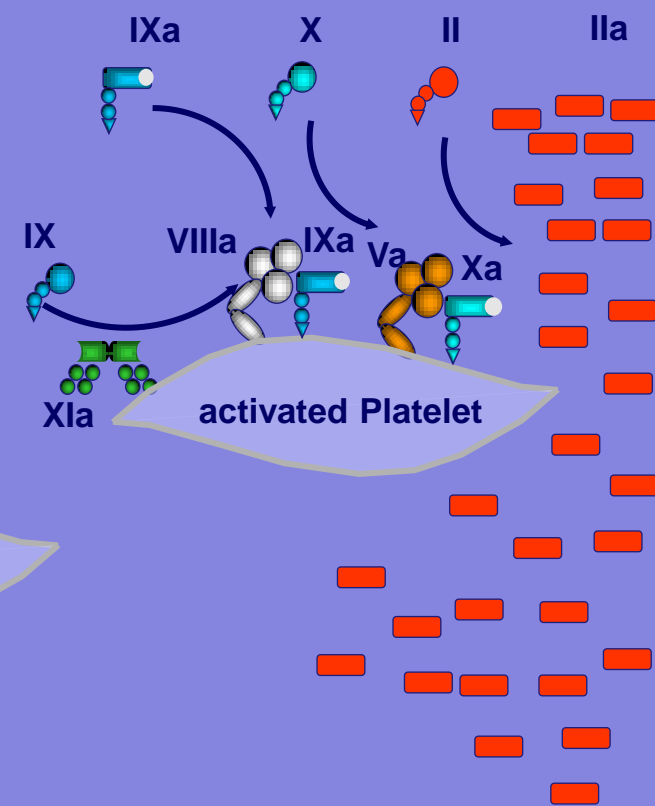
Initiation



Priming



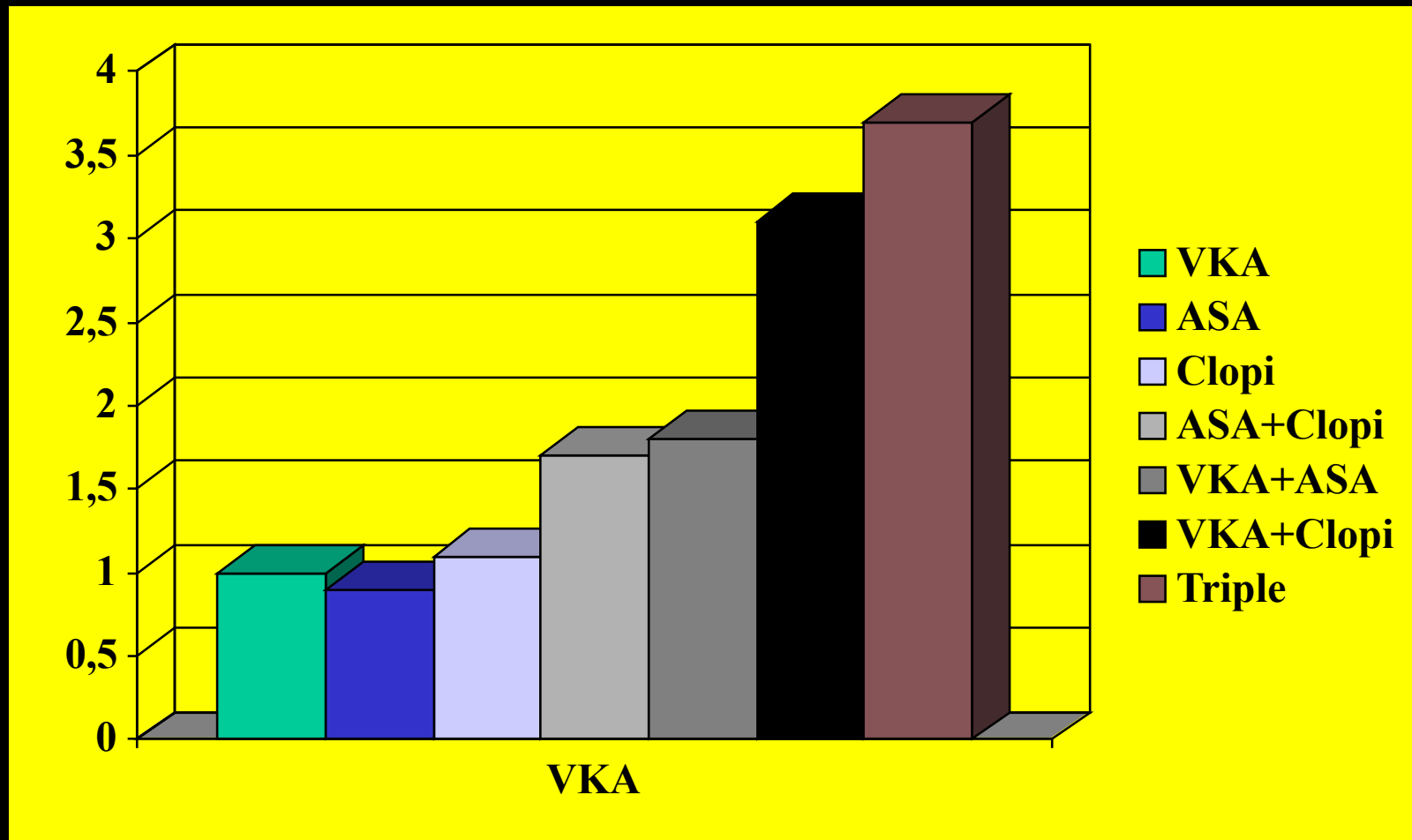
Propagation





Major Bleeding* per Year

Odds Ratios



* non-fatal and fatal



“triple”-Therapy in pts. with Atrial Fibrillation after ACS or Elective Stent Implantation



ESC Guidelines in AF patients at moderate to high thromboembolic risk in whom OAC is required

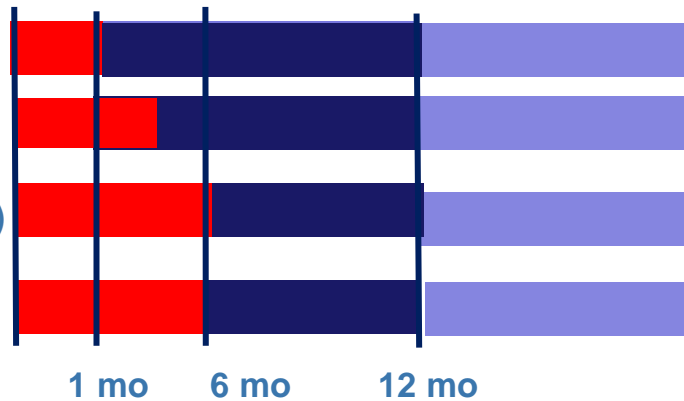
Low bleeding risk

Elective BMS*

Elective DES (-olimus)

Elective DES (paclitaxel)

ACS + BMS/DES



VKA (INR 2.0-3.0)

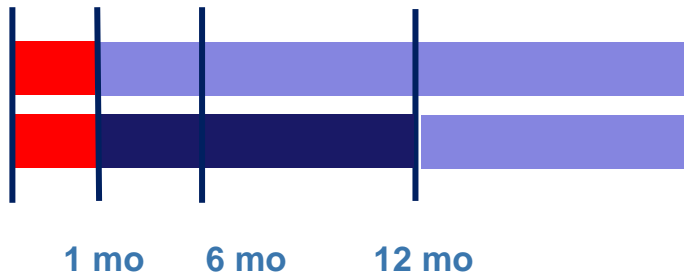
VKA (INR 2.0-2.5) + Clopidogrel (or ASA)

VKA (INR 2.0-2.5) + ASA + Clopidogrel

High bleeding risk**

Elective BMS

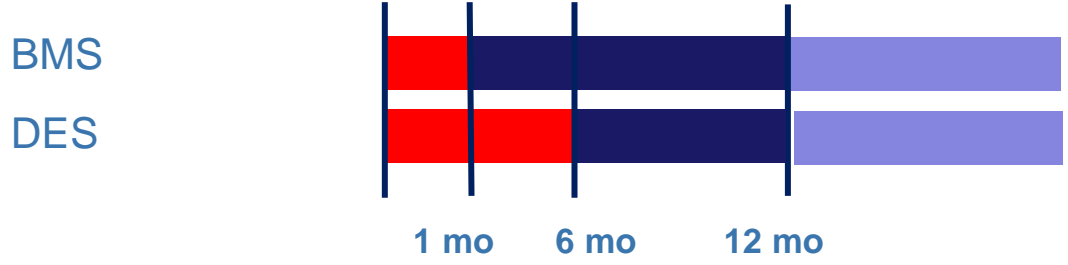
ACS + BMS





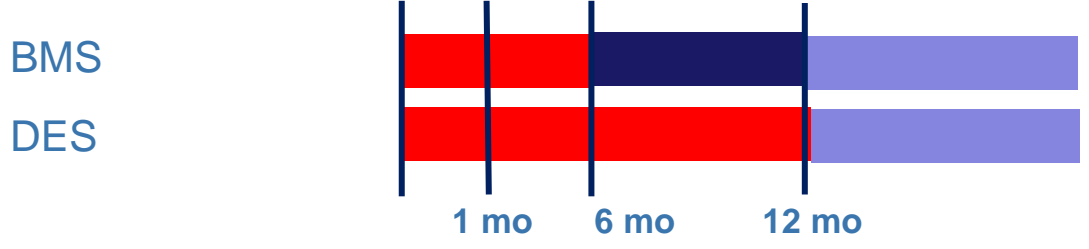
A North-American consensus document on antithrombotic therapy in AF patients and a coronary stent with moderate/high stroke risk (CHADS₂ ≥2)

Low stent thrombosis risk and low bleeding risk

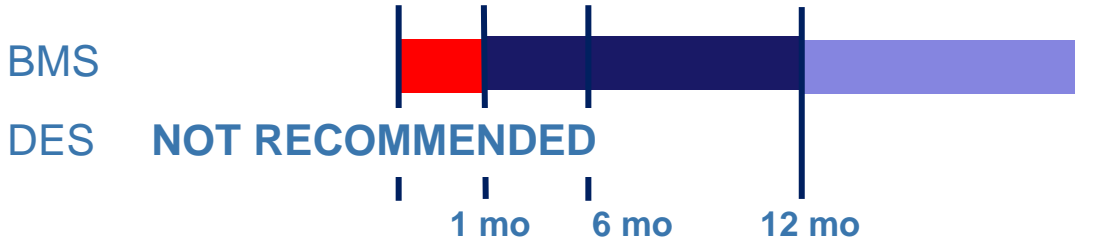


- VKA
- VKA + Clopidogrel (or ASA)
- VKA + ASA + Clopidogrel

High stent thrombosis risk and low bleeding risk



Any stent thrombosis risk and high bleeding risk



Dabigatran 2x100 mg was discussed for the first time as possible replacement of VKAs

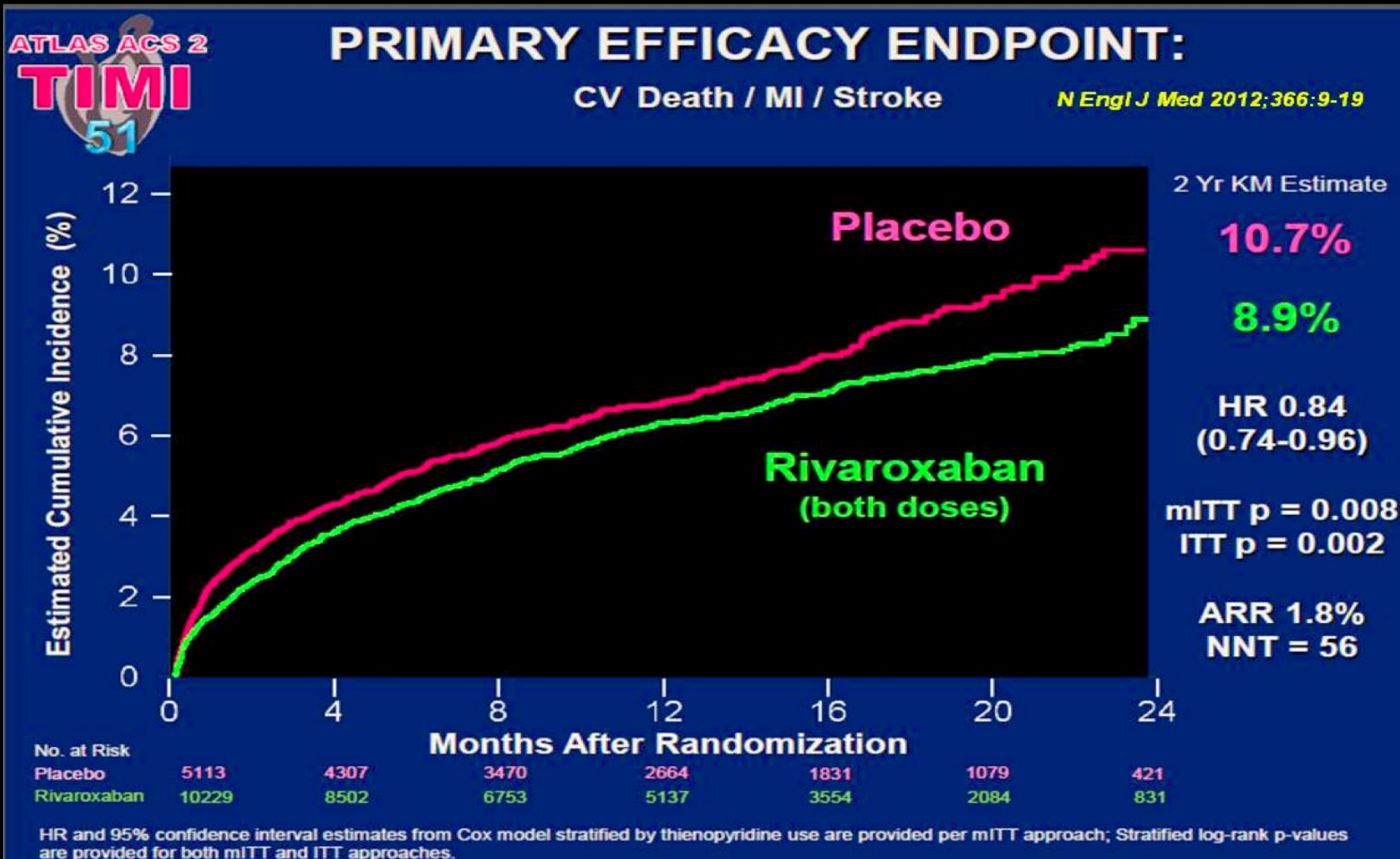


**„Triple“ Therapy
in Secondary Prevention after ACS
with a NOAC added to DAPT**



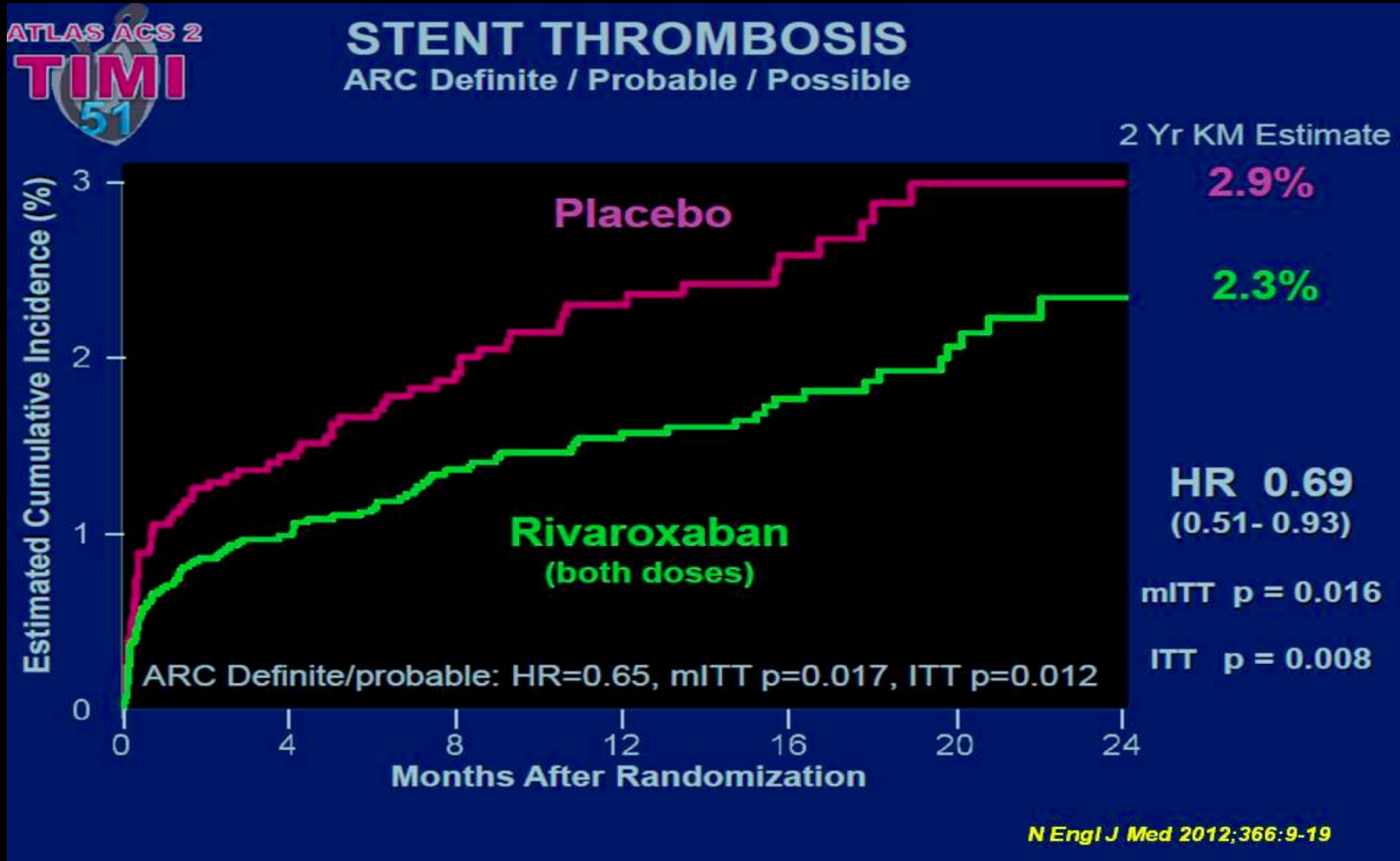
ATLAS-2 Studie

(Rivaroxaban)





ATLAS-2 Studie (Rivaroxaban)

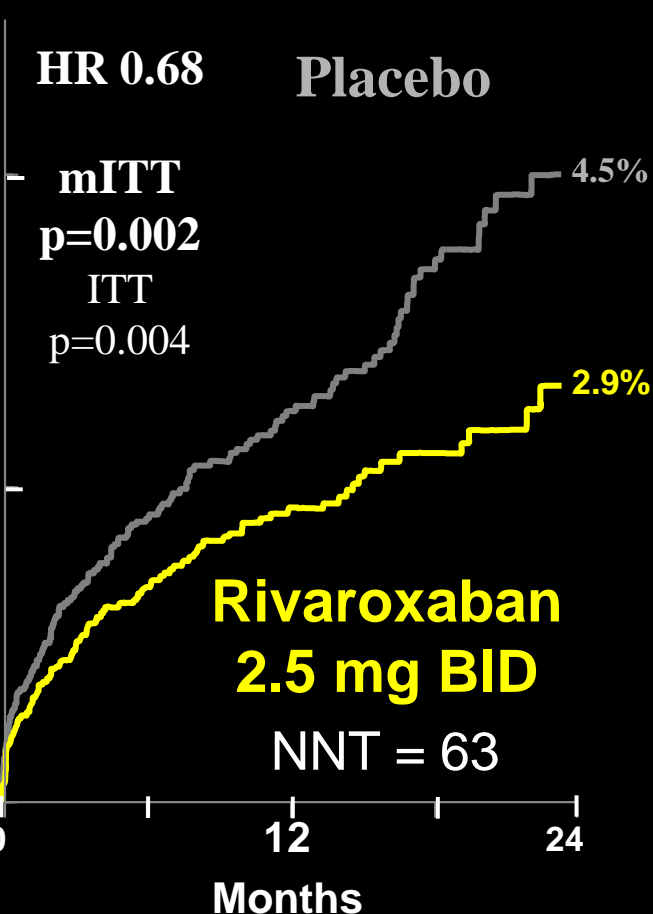
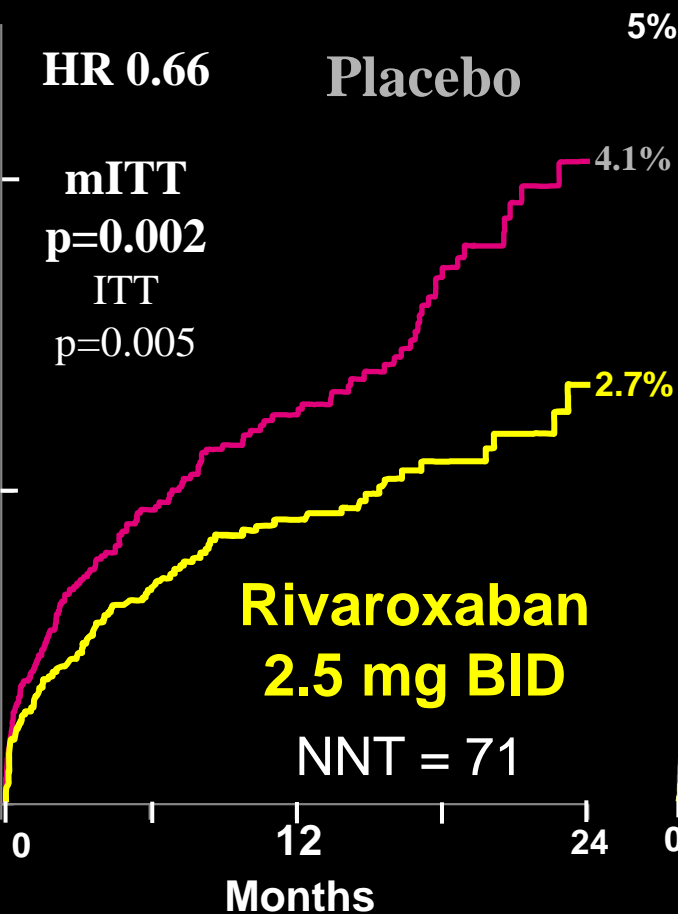
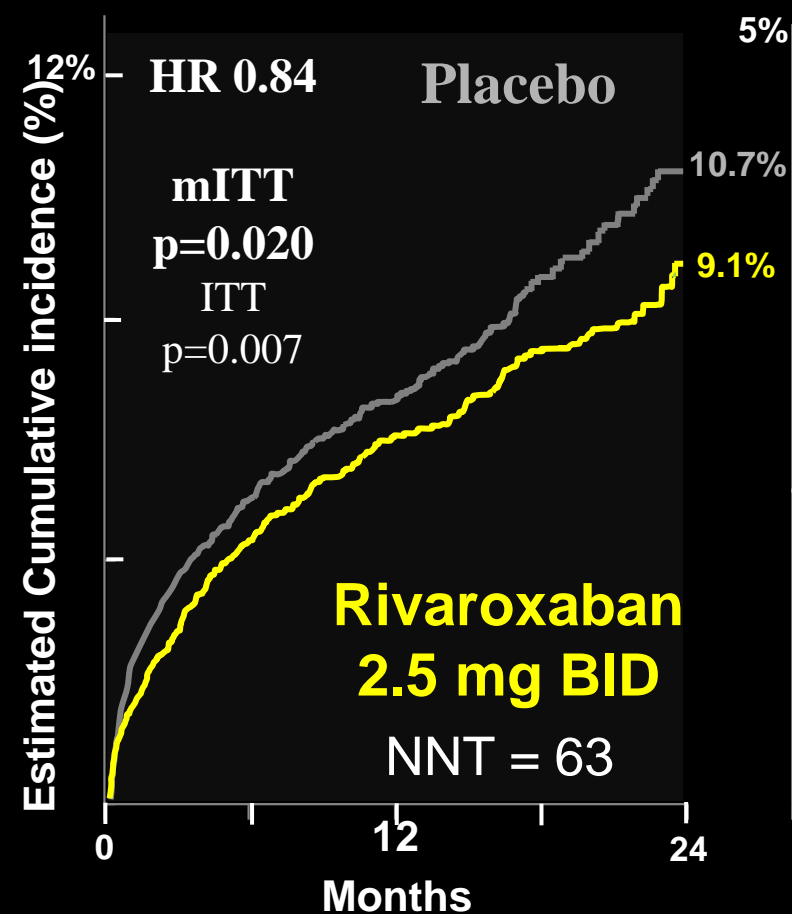


PRIMARY EFFICACY ENDPOINT*: 2.5 mg PO BID

CV Death / MI / Stroke*

Cardiovascular Death

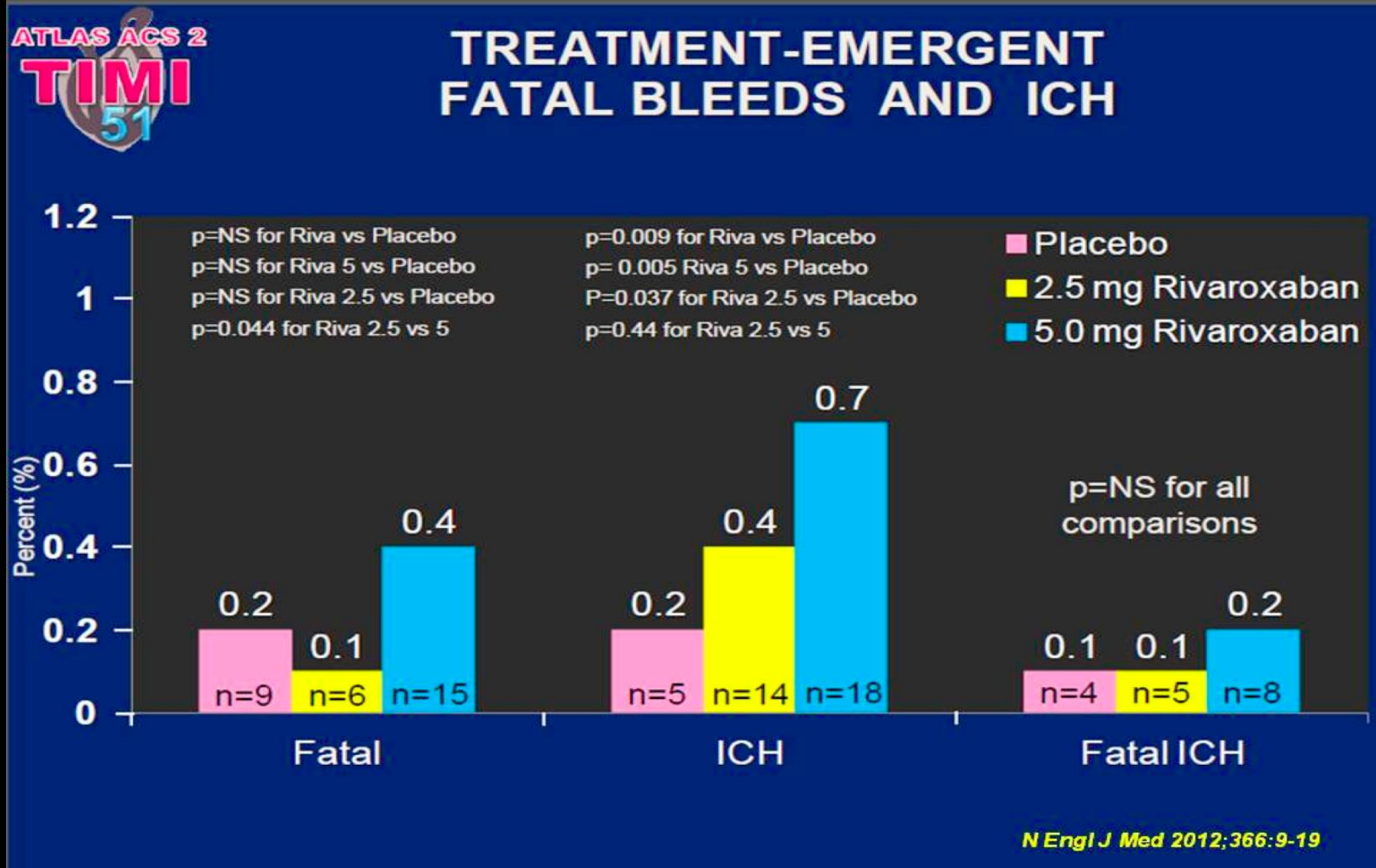
All Cause Death



* First occurrence of cardiovascular death, MI, stroke (ischemic, hemorrhagic, and uncertain) as adjudicated by the CEC across thienopyridine use strata
 Two year Kaplan-Meier estimates, HR and 95% confidence interval estimates from Cox model stratified by thienopyridine use are provided per mITT approach; Stratified log-rank p-values are provided for both mITT and ITT approaches; NNT=Number needed to treat.



ATLAS-2 Studie (Rivaroxaban)





Should we skip aspirin ?

WOEST Trial - Study Design

1:1 Randomisation:

Double therapy group:

OAC + 75mg Clopidogrel qd

1 month minimum after BMS

1 year after DES

Triple therapy group

OAC + 75mg Clopidogrel qd + 80mg Aspirin qd

1 month minimum after BMS

1 year after DES

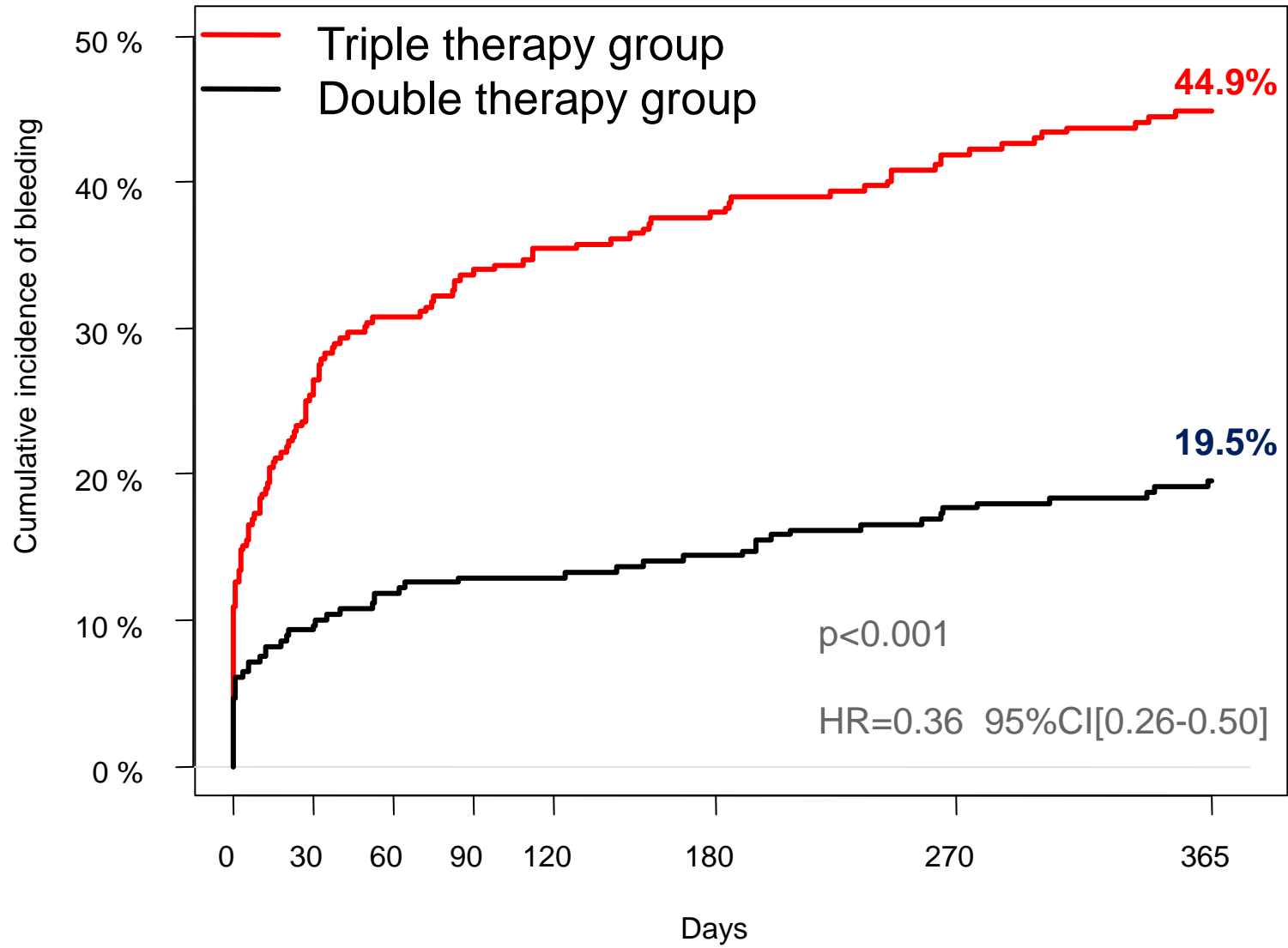
Follow up: 1 year

Primary Endpoint: The occurrence of all bleeding events (TIMI criteria)

Secondary Endpoints:

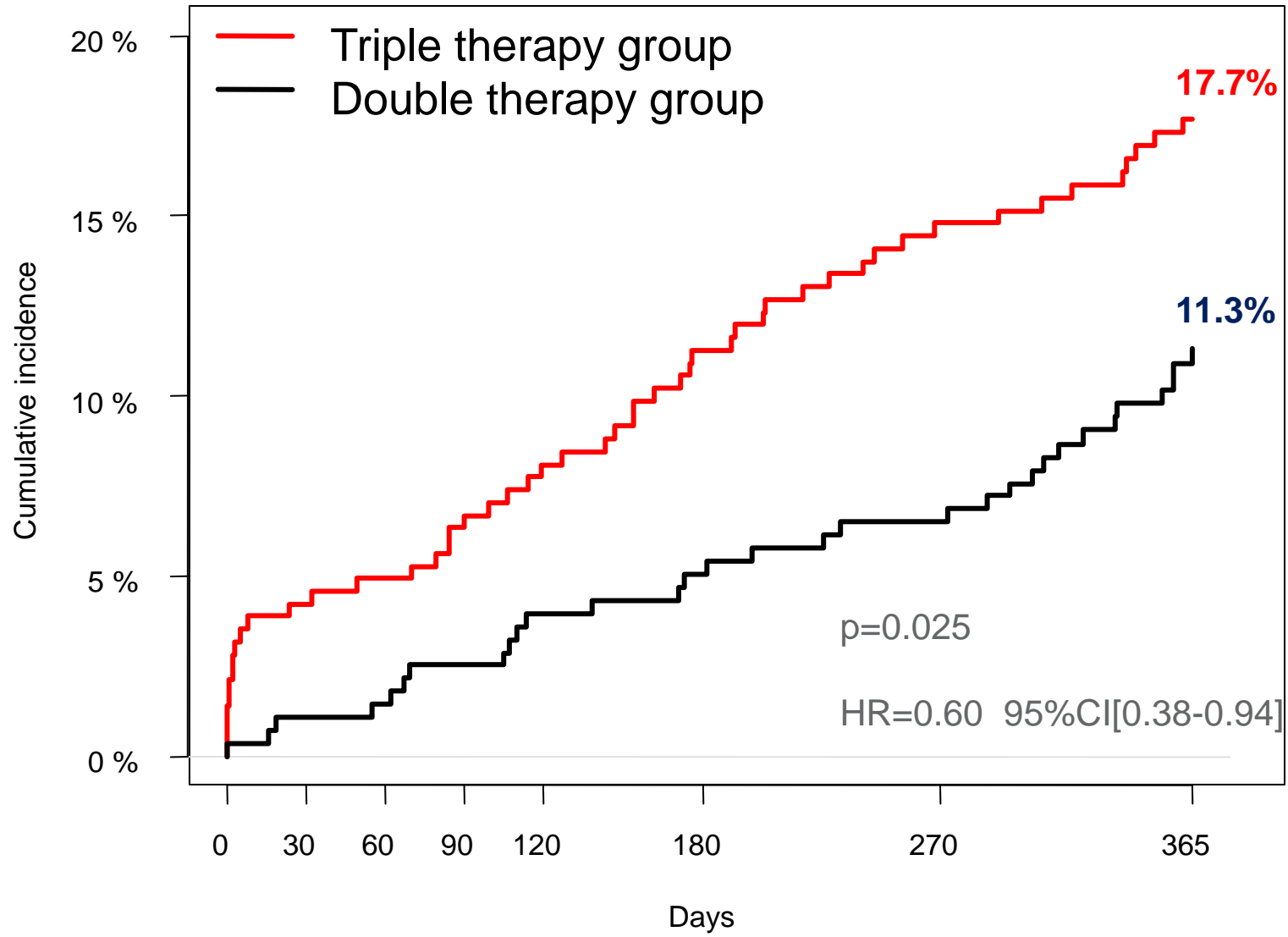
- Combination of stroke, death, myocardial infarction, stent thrombosis and target vessel revascularisation
- All individual components of primary and secondary endpoints

Primary Endpoint: Total number of bleeding events (TIMI criteria)



n at risk:	284	210	194	186	181	173	159	140
	279	253	244	241	241	236	226	208

Secondary Endpoint (Death, MI, TVR, Stroke, ST)

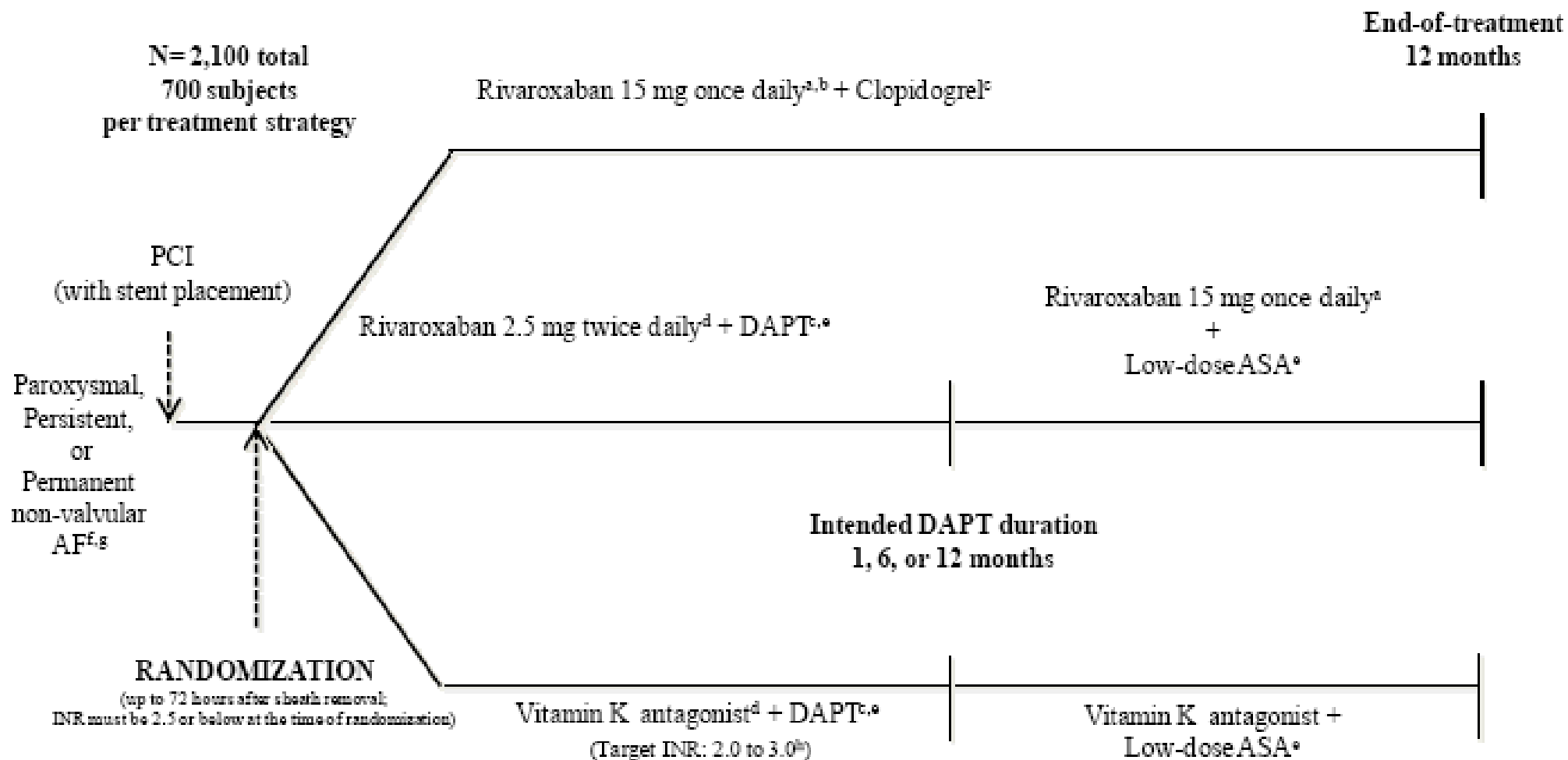


n at risk:	284	272	270	266	261	252	242	223
	279	276	273	270	266	263	258	234



PIONEER AF-PCI

Study Diagram: Clinical Protocol RIVAROXAFLL3003





Thank you