## The New 0.014" CiTop™ Guidewire for the Treatment of Chronic Total Occlusions in Peripheral Arteries: Results of the First-in-Man Randomized Clinical Study

Alexander Belenky<sup>1</sup>, Sergey Litvin<sup>1</sup>, Mickey Scheinowitz<sup>2</sup>, <u>Amit Segev</u><sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Inerventional Radiology, Rabin Medical Center, Petach Tikva, <sup>2</sup> Interventional Cardiology, Chaim Sheba Medical Center, Ramat Gan, Israel

**Background:** Despite the development of novel interventional devices, chronic total occlusion (CTO) still remains a challenging problem in endovascular peripheral intervention, mostly due to inability to cross the lesion with the guide-wire. We describe herein the first in man randomized study comparing the new 0.0014" CiTop guide-wire to conventional wires in peripheral CTOs.

**Methods:** Nineteen patients with 24 peripheral CTOs were randomly assigned to the CiTop™ guide-wire or to conventional wires as a first wiring attempt to penetrate a total occlusion. Study endpoint was a successful crossing of CTO in distal true lumen without a device-related adverse event.

**Results:** CiTop<sup>TM</sup> guide-wire successfully crossed the CTO in 13 out of 14 occlusions (92.3%), whereas a standard wire was able to cross in 4 out of 10 occlusions (40%). From this group of patients, 5 CTOs were crossed over to CiTop<sup>TM</sup> guide-wire attempts where successful crossing was observed in 4 cases (80%). No technical problems or adverse events associated with the CiTop<sup>TM</sup> guide-wire usage were noted. **Conclusions:** Our preliminary results demonstrate that the new 0.014" CiTop<sup>TM</sup> guide-wire is safe and efficacious for the treatment of peripheral CTOs. The CiTop<sup>TM</sup> guide-wire may serve as an excellent first choice wire in attempting peripheral CTO re-canalization.